# **Appendix B** Performance Level Descriptors

## **Grade 5 CMAS Science Performance Level Descriptors**

Students who Exceeded Expectations showed an advanced understanding of the Colorado Academic Standards' grade 5 science expectations and are ready for the next grade level. Students in the Exceeded Expectations level typically:

- Model that matter (particles too small to be seen) is always conserved, and mixing can result in new substances.
- Evaluate, measure, and observe materials to identify them based on their properties.
- Explain Earth's gravity as the cause of objects being pulled down toward its center.
- Model that all energy in food on Earth was once energy from the Sun.
- Model matter and energy cycles in an ecosystem, and explain plants get materials to grow from air and water.
- Evaluate the impact of star distance from Earth on the apparent brightness of stars.
- Analyze and explain patterns caused by Earth's orbit and rotation and the orbit of the Moon around Earth.
- Model and analyze the interactions between Earth's major systems and their impact on shaping Earth's surface.
- Evaluate the distribution of water among the different reservoirs on Earth using percentages.
- Evaluate solutions that communities use to protect Earth's environment and resources.

### Students who Met Expectations showed a strong understanding of the Colorado Academic Standards' grade 5 science expectations and are ready for the next grade level. Students in the Met Expectations level typically:

- Describe matter (particles too small to be seen) as always conserved, and mixing can result in new substances.
- Make observations and measurements of properties used to identify materials.
- Describe evidence that demonstrates Earth's gravity as the cause of objects being pulled down toward its center.
- Demonstrate that all energy in food on Earth was once energy from the Sun.
- Explain matter and energy cycles in an ecosystem and explain that plants get materials to grow from air and water.
- Describe that a star's distance from Earth affects its apparent brightness.
- Demonstrate patterns caused by Earth's orbit and rotation and the orbit of the Moon around Earth.
- Model the interactions between Earth's major systems and their impact on shaping Earth's surface.
- Describe the relative proportions of salt water and fresh water in different reservoirs on Earth.
- Communicate ways that communities use scientific ideas to protect Earth's environment and resources.

## Students who Approached Expectations showed a moderate understanding of the Colorado Academic Standards' grade 5 science expectations and will likely need additional academic support in the next grade level. Students in the Approached **Expectations level typically:**

- Describe matter (particles too small to be seen) as always conserved, and mixing can result in new substances.
- Observe the properties of an object to identify it.
- Describe evidence that demonstrates Earth's gravity as the cause of objects being pulled toward its center.
- Show the transfer of energy from the Sun to things animals use as food.
- Describe matter and energy cycles in an ecosystem and explain that plants get materials to grow from air and water.
- Relate the distance between a star and Earth to the star's apparent brightness.
- Demonstrate Earth's patterns using shadows, day and night, and the seasonal appearance of some stars.
- Describe Earth's major systems and how they interact.
- Identify the proportions of salt water and fresh water in different reservoirs on Earth.
- Summarize ways that communities protect Earth's environment and resources.

## Students who Partially Met Expectations showed a limited understanding of the Colorado Academic Standards' grade 5 science expectations and will need additional academic support in the next grade level to successfully engage in further study. Students in this level typically:

- Describe matter as made up of small particles and changes caused by the mixing of substances.
- Identify materials as having different properties.
- Identify gravity as the cause of objects falling to the ground.
- Demonstrate that the Sun and plants contribute to animals' food.
- Describe matter and energy cycles in an ecosystem and explain that plants get materials to grow from air and water.
- Compare the brightness of the Sun and stars as seen from Earth.
- Describe daily changes in day and night and the characteristics of shadows.
- Identify the major interacting systems on Earth and describe an interaction between two of them.

- Identify the different reservoirs of salt water and fresh water on Earth.
- Describe human activities interacting with natural Earth systems and their impact.

## **Grade 8 CMAS Science Performance Level Descriptors**

Students who Exceeded Expectations showed an advanced understanding of the Colorado Academic Standards' middle school science expectations and are ready for the next grade level. Students in the Exceeded Expectations level typically:

- Use complex data sets and models to describe the structure and properties of matter under different conditions.
- Use Newton's Laws to design investigations to show the relationship between mass and force.
- Demonstrate the numerical relationships between variables relating to transfers among different forms of energy.
- Explain the properties and behavior of waves and their interaction with different materials.
- Use multiple methods to demonstrate the function of parts of and explain the effects of different environments on organisms.
- Explain multiple effects of resource availability, patterns within, and consequences of changes to an ecosystem.
- Illustrate how mutations affect an organism, and the genetic impact of asexual versus sexual reproduction.
- Analyze complex patterns in modern and fossil organisms to infer and explain relationships.
- Analyze, model, and compare the properties of solar system objects with a focus on scale, cyclic patterns in the Sun-Earth-Moon system, and the role of gravity in motion of planetary systems and galaxies.
- Explain how geoscience processes cycle matter and energy among Earth's systems to transform Earth's surface features and climate throughout history.
- Use complex data and evidence to illustrate geologic processes and how humans interact with and manage natural resources and hazards.

Students who Met Expectations showed a strong understanding of the Colorado Academic Standards' middle school science expectations and are ready for the next grade level. Students in the Met Expectations level typically:

- Describe the structure and properties of matter under different conditions, including the chemical composition.
- Use Newton's Laws to conduct conventional investigations to show the relationship between mass and force.
- Show the numerical relationships between variables relating to transfers among different forms of energy.
- Explain the properties and behavior of waves and their interaction with different materials.
- Explain the function of parts of and explain the effects of different environments on organisms.
- Explain an effect of resource availability, a predictable pattern, and a consequence of change to an ecosystem.
- Show how mutations affect an organism and the genetic impact of asexual versus sexual reproduction.
- Analyze routine patterns in modern and fossil organisms to infer and explain relationships.
- Describe properties of solar system objects with a focus on scale, routine cyclic patterns in the Sun-Earth-Moon system, and the role of gravity in motion of planetary systems and galaxies.
- Describe how geoscience processes cycle matter and energy among Earth's systems to transform Earth's surface features and climate throughout history.
- Describe geologic processes and how humans interact with and manage natural resources and hazards.

Students who Approached Expectations showed a moderate understanding of the Colorado Academic Standards' middle school science expectations and will likely need additional academic support in the next grade level. Students in the Approached Expectations level typically:

- Describe the structure and properties of matter under different conditions.
- Use Newton's Laws to show the relationship between mass and force.
- Show the numerical relationships between variables relating to transfers between different forms of energy.
- Use models to describe the properties and behavior of waves and their interaction with different materials.
- Illustrate the function of parts of, and explain the effects of different environments on, organisms.
- Identify an effect of resource availability, a predictable pattern, or consequence of change to an ecosystem.
- Describe how structural changes affect an organism and the genetic difference between reproduction types.
- Explain simple patterns among modern and fossil organisms to explain relationships between them.
- Identify and describe properties of solar system objects with a focus on scale, familiar cyclic patterns in the Sun-Earth-Moon system, and the role of gravity in motion of planetary systems and galaxies.
- Illustrate a basic explanation of how geoscience processes cycle matter and energy among Earth's systems to transform Earth's surface features and climate throughout history.

Give a familiar explanation of geologic processes and how humans interact with and manage natural resources and

Students who Partially Met Expectations showed a limited understanding of the Colorado Academic Standards' middle school science expectations and will need additional academic support in the next grade level to successfully engage in further study. Students in this level typically:

- Partially label and identify familiar models showing the structure and properties of matter.
- Identify when Newton's Laws can be used to show the relationship between mass and force.
- Identify and observe examples, changes, and transfers of energy while describing the factors related to them.
- Use simple models to describe the properties and behavior of waves and their interaction with different materials.
- Use a model to show the parts of, and explain the effects of different environments on, organisms.
- Identify resources needed by organisms to live.
- Identify a pattern within or an effect of change to an ecosystem.
- Identify structural changes to genes and distinguish between asexual and sexual reproduction.
- Identify familiar patterns in fossils to infer simple relationships among organisms.
- Identify key properties of the major solar system objects with a focus on scale, cyclic patterns in the Sun-Earth-Moon system, and the importance of gravity in motion in planetary systems and galaxies.
- Identify major geoscience processes that cycle matter and energy among Earth's systems to transform Earth's surface features and climate throughout history.
- Communicate a basic explanation of geologic processes and how humans interact with and manage natural resources and hazards.

## **Grade 11 CMAS Science Performance Level Descriptors**

Students who Exceeded Expectations showed an advanced understanding of the Colorado Academic Standards' middle school science expectations and are ready for the next grade level. Students in the Exceeded Expectations level typically:

- Predict outcomes of chemical reactions using patterns and describe energy released during nuclear processes.
- Explain, predict, and evaluate how forces can affect the motion and momentum of objects in a system.
- Evaluate changes, transformations, and conservation of all types of energy in a complex system or device.
- Evaluate wave properties and electromagnetic radiation and the benefit to technological devices that use them.
- Explain how macromolecules are connected and how differentiation of cells leads to multiple levels of organization in complex organisms.
- Model complex interactions involved in ecosystems, including how matter and energy cycle through them.
- Explain the role of DNA and chromosomes in both common and complex scenarios.
- Analyze and explain the variation and impact of expressed traits relative to environmental conditions.
- Create and evaluate complex models and evidence about the size of the universe and changes in stars over their lifetimes.
- Illustrate how the geologic record shows that Earth's internal and surface processes and systems are interconnected.
- Explain, evaluate, and propose solutions to human interactions with Earth.

Students who Met Expectations showed a strong understanding of the Colorado Academic Standards' middle school science expectations and are ready for the next grade level. Students in the Met Expectations level typically:

- Describe patterns in the chemical and nuclear properties of elements and characteristics of reactions.
- Use math to demonstrate how forces can affect the motion and momentum of objects in a system.
- Describe and/or evaluate changes, transformations, and conservation of all types of energy in a simple system.
- Explain wave properties and electromagnetic radiation and the benefit to technological devices that use them.
- Explain connections among macromolecules and the multiple levels of organization in complex organisms.
- Analyze and explain complex interactions involved in ecosystems, including the cycling of matter and energy through
- Explain the role of DNA and chromosomes in common scenarios.
- Analyze and explain the variation and impact of expressed traits relative to environmental conditions.
- Model and communicate routine scientific ideas about the size of the universe and changes in stars over their lifetimes.
- Use models and data to illustrate how Earth's internal and surface processes and systems are interconnected.
- Explain and evaluate human interactions with Earth.

Students who Approached Expectations showed a moderate understanding of the Colorado Academic Standards' middle school science expectations and will likely need additional academic support in the next grade level. Students in the Approached **Expectations level typically:** 

- Use models to identify patterns in chemical and nuclear reactions and describe properties using the periodic table.
- Describe or calculate how forces affect the motion and momentum of an object in a system.
- Illustrate and evaluate the energy of objects and the direction of the flow of energy in a system.
- Identify wave properties and electromagnetic radiation in technological devices.
- Communicate simple explanations of how macromolecules are related and how structures in complex organisms follow multiple levels of organization.
- With given models, describe interactions involved in ecosystems, including the cycling of matter and energy through
- Describe familiar examples of the role of DNA and chromosomes.
- Relate simple and familiar explanations, evidence, and statistics to the variation and impact of expressed traits relative to environmental conditions.
- Identify and use familiar details, evidence, and models about the size of the universe and changes in stars over their lifetimes.
- Use familiar models to illustrate how Earth's internal and surface processes and systems are interconnected.
- Provide familiar explanations and solutions about the availability, usage, and management of natural resources.

Students who Partially Met Expectations showed a limited understanding of the Colorado Academic Standards' middle school science expectations and will need additional academic support in the next grade level to successfully engage in further study. Students in this level typically:

- Recognize that the periodic table organizes the elements based on patterns, and chemical reactions involve electrons, while nuclear reactions involve changes in the nucleus.
- Apply simple math to describe how forces affect the motion and momentum of objects in a system.
- Identify the type of energy an object has and describe the flow and transformations of energy in a system.
- Describe how a change in one wave property affects other wave properties and identify technological devices that use electromagnetic radiation.
- Describe DNA structure, cell division, systems of structures in complex organisms, and how organisms grow.
- Identify the factors to describe interactions involved in simple ecosystems, including the cycling of matter and energy through them.
- Identify the importance of DNA and chromosomes.
- Describe how advantageous and disadvantageous expressed traits vary within a population.
- Identify the size of the universe as dynamic, and label basic models of stars producing the elements.
- Use simple models and data to illustrate how Earth's internal and surface processes and systems cycle matter and energy, shape Earth's surface, and affect life.
- Identify and summarize common human interactions with Earth regarding the availability, usage, and management of natural resources.

## **Grade 5 CoAlt Science Performance Level Descriptors**

Students demonstrate science concepts and skills aligned to the Grade Level Expectations and Extended Evidence Outcomes contained in the Colorado Academic Standards.

Student showed an initial understanding of the EEOs of Colorado's grade 5 science standards and will likely need extensive academic support to successfully engage in the next grade level. Students in the Emerging level typically:

- Identify that matter is made of particles and that adding or removing matter from a sample changes the mass of the sample.
- Identify matter as solid, liquid, or gas.
- Identify down as the direction gravity causes objects to move.
- Identify that the Sun is the source of energy for plants and identify air and water as what plants need to grow.
- Identify an animal's source of food.
- Identify that the Sun appears brighter than other stars.
- Identify the length of shadows as something that changes at different times of the day and the amount of daylight as something that changes across seasons.
- Identify a living or nonliving thing involved in an interaction between any two of Earth's systems.
- Identify a source of salt water or fresh water.
- Identify a way to protect Earth's resources and environment.

Student showed a limited understanding of the EEOs of Colorado' s grade 5 science standards and will likely need moderate academic support to successfully engage in the next grade level. Students in the Approaching Target level typically:

- Identify that matter is made of particles whose behavior has observable effects.
- Identify that heating, cooling, and mixing substances does not change the total mass of the substances.
- Use an example to identify a material based on its properties.
- Identify gravity as the force that causes an object to move down toward Earth.
- Identify that the energy in animals' food was once energy from the Sun.
- Identify what living components of a food chain or web make their own food or must eat food.
- Identify that the Sun is a star that appears brighter than other stars because of their different distances from Earth.
- Identify an interaction between any two of Earth's systems (geosphere, biosphere, hydrosphere, and atmosphere).
- Identify that there is much more salt water than fresh water on Earth.
- Identify a way to protect Earth's resources and environment.

Student showed a foundational understanding of the EEOs of Colorado's grade 5 science standards and is academically prepared to successfully engage in the next grade level with appropriate support. Students in the At Target level typically:

- Classify materials based on similarities and differences in their properties.
- Identify that heating, cooling, and mixing substances does not change the total mass of the substances but can change the properties of the substances.
- Describe that the force of gravity pulls all objects down toward Earth.
- Describe that air and water, but not soil, are sources of matter that plants need to grow.
- Describe the movement of matter between two components of a food chain or web.
- Identify that the Sun is a star that appears brighter than other stars because of different distances of the stars from Earth.
- Interpret daily changes in the amount of daylight across seasons and of the length of shadows at different times of the
- Describe an interaction between any two of Earth's systems (geosphere, biosphere, hydrosphere, and atmosphere).
- Describe the relative amounts of salt water and fresh water on Earth.
- compare ways to protect Earth's resources and environment.

Student showed a foundational understanding of the EEOs of Colorado's grade 5 science standards and is academically prepared to successfully engage in the next grade level with appropriate support. Students in the At Target level typically:

- Classify and identify materials based on similarities and differences in their properties.
- Compare the properties of two substances before and after mixing.
- Describe that the force of gravity pulls all objects down toward Earth but that not all objects demonstrate downward movement toward Earth.

- Describe that the energy in animals' food was once energy from the Sun but that the matter in animal's food is not from
- Describe that nutrients from soil can help a plant grow, but air and water are the sources of matter that make up the new mass that plants gain as they grow.
- Describe the movement of matter between three or more components of a food chain or web.
- Identify that the Sun is a star that appears brighter than other stars because of their different distances from Earth and that distance is proportional to apparent brightness.
- Graph daily changes in the amount of daylight across seasons and of the length of shadows across time and at different times of the day.
- Explain an interaction between any two of Earth's systems (geosphere, biosphere, hydrosphere, and atmosphere).
- Compare the relative amounts of salt water and fresh water on Earth found in oceans, lakes, rivers, glaciers, groundwater, and polar ice caps.
- Compare ways to protect Earth's resources and environment and describe why one way may be better than another.

## **Grade 8 CoAlt Science Performance Level Descriptors**

Students demonstrate science concepts and skills aligned to the Grade Level Expectations and Extended Evidence Outcomes contained in the Colorado Academic Standards.

Student showed an initial understanding of the EEOs of Colorado' s middle school science standards and will likely need extensive academic support to successfully engage in the next grade level. Students in the Emerging level typically:

- Identify that a molecule is made up of atoms and that atoms have mass.
- Identify a property that changes because of a chemical change.
- Identify a force as what makes objects move, change direction, or become damaged.
- Identify a change in temperature as evidence of energy transfer.
- Identify a cell as the smallest living part of a living thing and that organs and organisms are made up of cells.
- Identify that offspring have similar characteristics to their parents.
- Identify that the appearance of Earth's Moon changes, or Earth's seasons change, because of their relative positions in space.
- Identify that heat energy from Earth's interior can change and form rocks.
- Identify a change that makes more water vapor, liquid water, or ice.
- Identify that humans use natural resources, can affect the environment, and need to prepare for natural hazards.
- Identify that all solar system objects are affected by gravity.

Student showed a limited understanding of the EEOs of Colorado' s middle school science standards and will likely need moderate academic support to successfully engage in the next grade level. Students in the Approaching Target level typically:

- Identify that the amount of or the mass of atoms does not change in a chemical reaction.
- Identify simple molecules, such as water or oxygen gas.
- Identify a device that releases or absorbs heat energy by chemical processes and a device that either minimizes or maximizes heat energy transfer.
- Identify the relative amounts of kinetic and potential energy in a system.
- Identify that different materials can affect the reflection, absorption, or transmission of a light or sound wave.
- Identify how characteristic animal behaviors and specialized plant structures help the plants and animals survive, and identify examples of competitive, predatory, and mutually beneficial relationships between organisms.
- Identify an example of the cycling of matter and energy among living and nonliving parts of an ecosystem.
- Identify that variations of traits in populations increase some individuals' probability of surviving and reproducing and that natural selection works over many generations.
- Identify two locations of similar or different climates.
- Identify that regional climate is based on the region's landforms and latitude.
- Identify that Earth's resources are limited and unevenly distributed.
- Identify gravity as what keeps Earth and the Moon in their orbits and as what draws and holds together the matter making up Earth and the Moon.

Student showed a foundational understanding of the EEOs of Colorado's middle school science standards and is academically prepared to successfully engage in the next grade level with appropriate support. Students in the At Target level typically:

- Describe the similarities and differences of the properties of a substance before and after a chemical change or a change in state.
- Explain the operation of a device that releases or absorbs thermal energy by chemical processes or a device that minimizes or maximizes thermal energy transfer from one object to another.
- Identify that electric or magnetic fields exist between objects exerting forces on each other even though the objects are not in contact.
- Identify factors that affect the strength of electric or magnetic forces.
- Describe how loudness or brightness is related to the energy in the sound wave.
- Identify that major organs are made up of cells.
- Describe the primary roles of at least three major components of a plant or animal cell.
- Describe how food supports growth and releases energy in an organism.
- Identify that organisms detect, process, and use information via the nervous system.
- Identify similarities and differences among modern organisms and fossilized organisms.
- Identify how the layering of fossils in rock strata reveals their chronological order of appearance.
- Describe the distribution of fossils as evidence of past tectonic plate motions.
- Describe that the motion and interaction of air masses cause changes in weather conditions and to describe how some natural hazards can be predicted, prepared for, and mitigated.
- Describe the cyclic patterns of the Moon's common phases and Earth's seasons.
- Identify at least one similarity and one difference among objects in the solar system.

Student showed a solid understanding of the EEOs of Colorado' s middle school science expectations and is well prepared to successfully engage in the next grade level with appropriate support. Students in the Advanced level typically:

- Describe that the number of or the mass of atoms does not change in a chemical reaction, but that the atoms are just
- Design a solution to reduce the force of impact in a collision of two objects.
- Demonstrate that when the position of objects interacting at a distance changes, different amounts of potential energy are stored in the system.
- Identify that digitized signals are a reliable way to encode and transmit information.
- Explain how photosynthesis plays a role in the cycling of matter and the flow of energy between plants and animals.
- Explain how food supports growth and releases energy in an organism.
- Explain how the genetic characteristics of a generation produced by asexual or sexual reproduction relate to the previous
- Identify the relationship between genetic variations among individuals and advantages or disadvantages those individuals have for surviving and reproducing.
- Describe how the state of water changes as it moves through the water cycle.
- Describe how a natural resource can be transformed to make a new, synthetic material.
- Identify how a change in environmental conditions, such as resource availability, can affect organisms and populations in an ecosystem.
- Develop a solution to an environmental problem to minimize the impact of the problem.

## **Grade 11 CoAlt Science Performance Level Descriptors**

Students demonstrate science concepts and skills aligned to the Grade Level Expectations and Extended Evidence Outcomes contained in the Colorado Academic Standards.

Student showed an initial understanding of the EEOs of Colorado' s high school science standards and will likely need extensive academic support to successfully engage in the next grade level. Students in the Emerging level typically:

- Identify that matter is made of atoms that have mass.
- Identify that energy can be transferred but not created or destroyed, including in chemical reactions.
- Identify that waves are carriers of energy and information.
- Identify DNA as the molecule that carries instructions and cell division as what allows an organism to grow.
- Identify that offspring traits resemble parent traits and that those traits vary within a population.

- Identify that the energy and material resources, as well as the events and hazards in an environment, affect the organisms living there.
- Identify that energy from sunlight, water, and living things influence Earth systems.
- Identify a proposal that will protect a threatened or endangered species.
- Identify examples of conserving, recycling, and reusing limited energy and mineral resources.
- Identify that orbiting objects follow roughly circular orbital paths.

### Student showed a limited understanding of the EEOs of Colorado' s high school science standards and will likely need moderate academic support to successfully engage in the next grade level. Students in the Approaching Target level typically:

- Identify elements in the periodic table based on properties.
- Describe changes in energy and matter that occur because of physical or chemical changes.
- Describe the Law of Conservation of mass, object motion, temperature changes, or the operation of a device.
- Describe the relationship between the properties of waves, energy, and information.
- Identify that the structure of DNA determines the characteristics of anatomical structures and that genes carry traits from parents to offspring.
- Identify that organisms use energy and matter obtained from the environment for growth.
- Identify how the quantity of resources, events, and hazards in an environment affect the organisms living there and identify that organisms that are better able to survive in the environment are better able to reproduce and increase in number.
- Describe an internal Earth process or external process that influences the characteristics of Earth's atmosphere, surface, or ocean floor, or changes in living organisms.
- Identify relationships between the management of natural resources, the sustainability of human populations, natural hazards, and biodiversity.
- Identify Earth as the object that pulls other objects on it down.
- Identify the universe as a space containing galaxies, which are collections of stars, and that stars produce elements.

## Student showed a foundational understanding of the EEOs of Colorado's high school science standards and is academically prepared to successfully engage in the next grade level with appropriate support. Students in the At Target level typically:

- Describe how mass and electrical charge affect force, the relationship between mass, speed, and momentum, and the relationship between forces and electric or magnetic fields.
- Identify energy transformations, such as light energy to heat energy, or energy transfer within a device.
- Calculate the inputs and outputs of energy from different components of a system or device.
- Compare the wave and particle models of electromagnetic radiation.
- Identify the advantages and disadvantages of using and storing digital information.
- Evaluate how a technological device uses wave energy to perform its function.
- Describe the function of an organ system.
- Identify a mechanism a body uses to stay in balance during environmental changes.
- Identify changes in the number of individuals in an animal population when conditions in their environment change.
- Describe the changes in the amount of matter or energy as it travels through an energy pyramid, a food web, or nutrient cycle.
- Describe the distribution of a trait within a population, how organisms with advantageous traits tend to increase in number, and how species with disadvantageous traits can become extinct.
- Describe a change in Earth's climate or a change to Earth's surface, atmosphere, or hydrosphere.
- Identify that the Sun has a life cycle during which its energy output changes and different elements are produced.
- Identify that galaxies move within space.
- Describe relationships between orbiting objects in the solar system.

## Student showed a solid understanding of the EEOs of Colorado's high school science expectations and is well prepared to successfully engage in the next grade level with appropriate support. Students in the Advanced level typically:

- Identify properties of groups and families of elements and the uses of commonly found elements.
- Explain or predict the relationship between changes in experimental conditions, the rate of energy transfer, and the amount of product from a chemical reaction.
- Describe the energy released and the composition of nuclei for nuclear fission or nuclear fusion.
- Evaluate designs that minimize the effect of the force on an object during a collision.
- Describe how a change in an electric current can change a magnetic field.

- Describe the process of photosynthesis transforming light into energy for plants.
- Explain how organisms combine the simple elements that make up sugar molecules with other elements to make up proteins necessary for growth and metabolism.
- Compare and contrast the use of oxygen and stored energy in aerobic and anaerobic environments.
- Describe common ancestry in terms of anatomical structures or genes.
- Describe the composition of Earth's layers and the cycling of matter by the convection of Earth's mantle and explain the ages of crystal rock in terms of plate motion.
- Explain relationships between orbiting objects in the solar system.

## About ELA and CSLA Performance Level Descriptors

Performance	La alaf Ta a Ganala in 1	Range of Accuracy <sup>2</sup>	Quality of Evidence <sup>3</sup>	
Level	Level of Text Complexity <sup>1</sup>	Range of Accuracy	Grade 3	Grades 4-8
	Very Complex	Mostly Accurate	Explicit	Explicit &
5	Moderately Complex	Mostly Accurate	Explicit	Inferential Explicit
	Readily Accessible	Accurate	Explicit	& Inferential
	Very Complex	Generally Accurate	Explicit	Explicit &
4	Moderately Complex	Generally Accurate	Explicit	Inferential Explicit
	Readily Accessible	Mostly Accurate	Explicit	& Inferential
	Very Complex	Minimally Accurate	Explicit	Explicit &
3	Moderately Complex	Generally Accurate	Explicit	Inferential Explicit
	Readily Accessible	Mostly Accurate	Explicit	& Inferential
	Very Complex	Inaccurate	Explicit	Explicit &
2	Moderately Complex	Minimally Accurate	Explicit	Inferential Explicit
	Readily Accessible	Partially Accurate	Explicit	& Inferential

### 1. Text Complexity

The complexity framework reflects the importance of text complexity as it relates to the CCSS, which indicates that 50 percent of an item's complexity is linked to the complexity of the text(s) used as the stimulus for that item. Consequently, to determine students' performance levels, it is critical to identify the pattern of responses when students respond to items linked to passages with distinct text complexities. To this end, a clear and consistent model was developed to define text complexity and has determined to use three text complexity levels: readily accessible, moderately complex, or very complex.

Two components are used for determining text complexity for **all** passages:

- Two quantitative text complexity measures (Reading Maturity Metric and Lexile) will be used to analyze all reading passages to determine an initial recommendation for placement of a text into a grade band and subsequently a grade level.
- Text Analysis Worksheets, one for informational text and one for literary text, are then used to determine qualitative measures. Trained evaluators use these worksheets to determine a recommendation for qualitative text complexity within the grade level, with each text defined as readily accessible, moderately complex, or very complex.

For multimedia texts, qualitative judgments from one or both of the "optional" categories in the Complexity Analysis Worksheet will be combined with judgments in the other categories to make a holistic determination of the complexity of the material.

## 2. Range of Accuracy

There are three types of items on the assessments. For Evidence-Based Selected Response (EBSR) and Technology-Enhanced Constructed Response (TECR) items, the design is such that the items help contribute to an understanding of how accurately students comprehend text (demonstrate mastery of CCSS Reading Standards 2-10). Some of these items offer opportunities for students to receive partial credit based on the range of accuracy. For Prose-Constructed Response (PCR) items, draft scoring rubrics were developed (refer to CMAS Test Design: Scoring Rubrics) that include a Reading dimension to measure comprehension. Scores on the PCR items contribute to an evaluation of the degree to which a student can accurately comprehend a text. The Performance Level Descriptors (PLDs) describe five levels of accuracy at grades 3-8 that are determined using the reading data collected through EBSR, TECR, and PCR items:

**Accurate** – The student is able to accurately state both the general ideas expressed in the text(s) and the key and supporting details. The response is complete, and the student demonstrates full understanding.

**Mostly accurate** – The student is able to accurately state most of the general ideas expressed in the text(s) and the key and supporting details, but the response is incomplete or contains minor inaccuracies. The student demonstrates understanding.

**Generally accurate** – The student is able to accurately state the gist of the text(s) but fails to accurately state the key and supporting details in the text or to connect such details to the overarching meaning of the text(s). The student demonstrates basic understanding.

**Partially accurate** – The student is able to accurately state the gist of the text(s) but is unable to state some of the key or supporting details with accuracy. The student is partially able to connect the specific details of the text to the overarching meaning(s) of the text. The student demonstrates partial understanding.

**Minimally accurate** – The student is unable to accurately state the gist of the text(s) but is able to minimally state some of the key or supporting details with accuracy. The student does not connect the specific details of the text to the overarching meaning(s) of the text. The student demonstrates minimal understanding.

**Inaccurate** – The student is unable to accurately state either the gist of the text or the key and supporting details evident in the text. The student demonstrates limited understanding.

### 3. Quality of Evidence

All items are designed to contribute to an understanding of how students "read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it" and "cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text" (CCSS Anchor Reading Standard 1). Some items offer opportunities for students to receive partial credit based on the quality of evidence provided. Students support their comprehension with explicit and/or inferential evidence:

**Explicit evidence** – Students show how the explicit words and phrases (details) from the text support statements made about the meaning of the text.

**Inferential evidence** – Students show how inferences drawn from the text support statements made about the meaning of the text.

## **Grade 3 ELA and CSLA Performance Level Descriptors**

## Reading

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at <b>Level 5</b>	A student who achieves at <b>Level 4 meets</b>	A student who achieves at <b>Level 3</b>	A student who achieves at Level 2
exceeds expectations for the assessed	<b>expectations</b> for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the	partially meets expectations for the
standards.		assessed standards.	assessed standards.
In <b>reading</b> , the pattern exhibited by	In <b>reading</b> , the pattern exhibited by	In <b>reading</b> , the pattern exhibited by	In <b>reading</b> , the pattern exhibited by
student responses indicates:	student responses indicates:	student responses indicates:	student responses indicates:
With <u>very complex text</u> , students	With <u>very complex text</u> , students	With <u>very complex text</u> , students	With <u>very complex text</u> , students
demonstrate the ability to be	demonstrate the ability to be	demonstrate the <u>ability</u> to be	demonstrate the <u>inability</u> to ask
mostly accurate when asking	generally accurate when asking	minimally accurate when asking	or answer questions, showing
and/or answering questions,	and/or answering questions,	and/or answering questions,	<u>limited</u> understanding of the text
showing understanding of the	showing general understanding of	showing <u>minimal</u> understanding of	when referring to explicit details
text when referring to explicit	the text when referring to explicit	the text when referring to explicit	and examples in the text.
details and examples in the text.	details and examples in the text.	details and examples in the text.	<ul> <li>With <u>moderately complex text</u>,</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>With <u>moderately complex text</u>,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>With moderately complex text,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>With moderately complex text,</li> </ul>	students demonstrate the
students demonstrate the ability	students demonstrate the ability to	students demonstrate the ability	ability to be minimally accurate
to be mostly accurate when	be generally accurate when asking	to be generally accurate when	when asking and/or answering
asking and/or answering	and/or answering questions,	asking and/or answering	questions, showing minimal
questions, showing	showing general understanding of	questions, showing <u>basic</u>	understanding of the text when
understanding of the text when	the text when referring to explicit	understanding of the text when	referring to explicit details and
referring to explicit details and	details and examples in the text.	referring to explicit details and	examples in the text.
examples in the text.	<ul> <li>With readily accessible text,</li> </ul>	examples in the text.	<ul> <li>With readily accessible text,</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>With <u>readily accessible text</u>,</li> </ul>	students demonstrate the ability to	<ul> <li>With readily accessible text,</li> </ul>	students demonstrate the
students demonstrate the ability	be mostly accurate when asking	students demonstrate the ability	ability to be partially accurate
to be <u>accurate</u> when asking	and/or answering questions,	to be mostly accurate when	when asking and/or answering
and/or answering questions,	showing understanding of the text	asking and/or answering	questions, showing <u>partial</u>
showing full understanding of the	when referring to explicit details	questions, showing	understanding of the text when
text when referring to explicit	and examples in the text.	understanding of the text when	referring to explicit details and
details and examples in the text.		referring to explicit details and	examples in the text.
		examples in the text.	

## Writing - Written Expression

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
Level 5	Level 4	Level 5	Level 2
A student who achieves at <b>Level 5</b>	A student who achieves at Level 4 meets	A student who achieves at <b>Level 3</b>	A student who achieves at <b>Level 2</b>
exceeds expectations for the assessed	<b>expectations</b> for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the	partially meets expectations for the
standards.		assessed standards.	assessed standards.
In writing, students address the	In writing, students address the prompts	In writing, students address the	In writing, students address the
prompts and provide effective	and provide development of ideas,	prompts and provide basic	prompts and provide minimal
development of ideas, including when	including when drawing evidence from	development of ideas, including when	development of ideas, including
drawing evidence from multiple	multiple sources, while in the majority of	drawing evidence from multiple	when drawing evidence from
sources, in the majority of instances	instances demonstrating purposeful and	sources, while in the majority of	multiple sources, while in the

## demonstrating <u>purposeful</u> and controlled organization.

### The student:

- Provides effective development of the topic and/or narrative elements, using reasoning, details, text-based evidence, and/or description.
- Develops topic and/or narrative elements in a manner that is appropriate to the task and purpose.
- Demonstrates purposeful organization that includes an introduction and/or conclusion.
- Effectively uses linking words and phrases, descriptive words, and/or temporal words to express ideas with clarity.

### mostly controlled organization.

#### The student:

- Develops the topic and/or narrative elements using reasoning, details, text- based evidence, and/or description.
- Develops topic and/or narrative elements in a manner that is mostly appropriate to the task and purpose.
- Demonstrates purposeful organization that is mostly controlled and may include an introduction and/or conclusion.
- Uses linking words and phrases, descriptive words, and/or temporal words to express ideas with clarity.

instances demonstrating organization that <u>sometimes is controlled</u>.

### The student:

- Develops the topic and/or narrative elements using some reasoning, details, text- based evidence, and/or description.
- Demonstrates some organization.
- Includes some linking words and phrases, descriptive words, and/or temporal words, limiting the clarity with which ideas are expressed.

majority of instances demonstrating organization that often is not controlled.

### The student:

- Minimal development of the topic and/or narrative elements and is, therefore, inappropriate to the task and purpose.
- Demonstrates minimal organization.
- Includes minimal linking words and phrases, descriptive words, and/or temporal words, limiting the clarity with which ideas are expressed.

Writing - Knowledge of Language and Conventions

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at Level 5	A student who achieves at Level 4	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2 partially
exceeds expectations for the	meets expectations for the assessed	approaches expectations for the assessed	meets expectations for the assessed
assessed standards.	standards.	standards.	standards.
In writing, students demonstrate	In writing, students demonstrate	In writing, students demonstrate basic	In writing, students demonstrate minimal
<u>full</u> command of the conventions of	command of the conventions of	command of the conventions of Standard	command of the conventions of Standard
Standard English consistent with	Standard English consistent with	English consistent with edited writing. There	English consistent with edited writing.
edited writing. There may be some	edited writing. There are errors in	are few patterns of errors in grammar and	There are patterns of errors in grammar
errors in grammar and usage, but	grammar and usage that may	usage that impede understanding,	and usage that impede understanding,
overall meaning is clear.	occasionally impede understanding.	demonstrating <u>partial</u> control over language.	demonstrating minimal control over
			language.

## **Grade 4 ELA and CSLA Performance Level Descriptors**

Reading

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at Level 5	A student who achieves at Level 4 meets	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2
exceeds expectations for the assessed	<b>expectations</b> for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the	partially meets expectations for the
standards.		assessed standards.	assessed standards.
In reading, the pattern exhibited by student responses indicates:  • With very complex text, students demonstrate the ability to be mostly accurate when asking and/or answering questions, showing understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when explaining inferences drawn from the text.  • With moderately complex text, students demonstrate the ability to be mostly accurate when asking and/or answering questions, showing understanding of the text when	In reading, the pattern exhibited by student responses indicates:  • With very complex text, students demonstrate the ability to be generally accurate when asking and/or answering questions, showing general understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when explaining inferences drawn from the text.  • With moderately complex text, students demonstrate the ability to be generally accurate when asking and/or answering questions, showing	In reading, the pattern exhibited by student responses indicates:  • With very complex text, students demonstrate the ability to ask and/or answer questions with minimal accuracy, showing minimal understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text.  • With moderately complex text, students demonstrate the ability to be generally accurate when asking and/or answering questions, showing basic understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and	In reading, the pattern exhibited by student responses indicates:  • With very complex text, students demonstrate the inability to be accurate when asking and/or answering questions, showing limited understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text.  • With moderately complex text, students demonstrate the ability to ask and/or answer questions with minimal accuracy, showing minimal understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and
referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when explaining inferences drawn from the text.  • With readily accessible text, students demonstrate the ability to be accurate when asking and/or answering questions, showing full understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when explaining inferences drawn from the text.	general understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when explaining inferences drawn from the text.  • With readily accessible text, students demonstrate the ability to be mostly accurate when asking and/or answering questions, showing understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when explaining inferences drawn from the text.	examples in the text.  • With readily accessible text, students demonstrate the ability to be mostly accurate when asking and/or answering questions, showing understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when explaining inferences drawn from the text.	examples in the text.  • With readily accessible text, students demonstrate the ability to be partially accurate when asking and/or answering questions, showing partial understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when explaining inferences drawn from the text.

## Writing - Written Expression

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at <b>Level 5 exceeds expectations</b> for the assessed standards.	A student who achieves at <b>Level 4 meets expectations</b> for the assessed standards.	A student who achieves at <b>Level 3</b> approaches expectations for the assessed standards.	A student who achieves at Level 2 partially meets expectations for the assessed standards.
In writing, students address the prompts and provide effective development of ideas, including when drawing evidence from multiple sources, in the majority of instances demonstrating purposeful and controlled organization.  The student:  Provides effective development of the topic and/or narrative elements, using reasoning, details, text-based evidence, and/or description.  Develops topic and/or narrative elements in a manner that is appropriate to the task and purpose.  Demonstrates purposeful organization that includes an introduction and/or conclusion.  Correctly uses linking words and phrases, descriptive words, and/or temporal words to express ideas with clarity.	In writing, students address the prompts and provide development of ideas, including when drawing evidence from multiple sources, while in the majority of instances demonstrating purposeful and mostly controlled organization.  The student:  Develops the topic and/or narrative elements using reasoning, details, text-based evidence, and/or description.  Develops topic and/or narrative elements in a manner that is mostly appropriate to the task and purpose.  Demonstrates purposeful organization that is mostly controlled and may include an introduction and/or conclusion.  Uses linking words and phrases, descriptive words, and/or temporal words to express ideas with clarity.	In writing, students address the prompts and provide <a href="basic">basic</a> development of ideas, including when drawing evidence from multiple sources, while in the majority of instances demonstrating organization that <a href="sometimes">sometimes</a> is controlled.  The student: <ul> <li>Develops topic and/or narrative elements in manner that is general in its appropriateness to the task and purpose.</li> <li>Demonstrates some organization.</li> <li>Includes some linking words and phrases, descriptive words, and/or temporal words, limiting the clarity with which ideas are expressed.</li> </ul>	In writing, students address the prompts and provide minimal development of ideas, including when drawing evidence from multiple sources, while in the majority of instances demonstrating organization that often is not controlled.  The student:  Provides minimal development of the topic and/or narrative elements and is, therefore, inappropriate to the task and purpose.  Demonstrates minimal organization.  Includes minimal linking words and phrases, descriptive words, and/or temporal words, limiting the clarity with which ideas are expressed.

## Writing - Knowledge of Language and Conventions

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at Level 5	A student who achieves at Level 4 meets	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2
exceeds expectations for the assessed	<b>expectations</b> for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the assessed	partially meets expectations for the
standards.		standards.	assessed standards.
In writing, students demonstrate full	In writing, students demonstrate command	In writing, students demonstrate basic	In writing, students demonstrate
command of the conventions of Standard	of the conventions of Standard English	command of the conventions of Standard	minimal command of the conventions of
English consistent with edited writing.	consistent with edited writing. There are	English consistent with edited writing.	Standard English consistent with edited
There may be some errors in grammar	errors in grammar and usage that may	There are few patterns of errors in	writing. There are patterns of errors in
and usage, but overall meaning is clear.	occasionally impede understanding.	grammar and usage that impede	grammar and usage that impede
		understanding, demonstrating partial	understanding, demonstrating minimal
		control over language.	control over language.

## **Grade 5 ELA Performance Level Descriptors**

Reading

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at <b>Level 5</b>	A student who achieves at <b>Level 4 meets</b>	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2
<b>exceeds expectations</b> for the assessed	<b>expectations</b> for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the	partially meets expectations for the
standards.		assessed standards.	assessed standards.
<ul> <li>With very complex text, students demonstrate the ability to be mostly accurate when quoting or referencing, showing understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when explaining inferences drawn from the text.</li> <li>With moderately complex text, students demonstrate the ability to be mostly accurate when quoting or referencing, showing understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and</li> </ul>	In reading, the pattern exhibited by student responses indicates:  • With very complex text, students demonstrate the ability to be generally accurate when quoting or referencing, showing general understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when explaining inferences drawn from the text.  • With moderately complex text, students demonstrate the ability to be generally accurate when quoting or referencing, showing general understanding of the text when	In reading, the pattern exhibited by student responses indicates:  With very complex text, students demonstrate the ability to be minimally accurate when quoting or referencing, showing minimal understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text.  With moderately complex text, students demonstrate the ability to be generally accurate when quoting or referencing, showing basic understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when	In reading, the pattern exhibited by student responses indicates:  With very complex text, students demonstrate the inability to be accurate when quoting or referencing, showing limited understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text.  With moderately complex text, students demonstrate the ability to be minimally accurate when quoting or referencing, showing minimal understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text.  With readily accessible text, students
when explaining inferences drawn from the text.  With readily accessible text, students demonstrate the ability to be accurate when quoting or referencing, showing full understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when explaining inferences drawn from the text.	referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when explaining inferences drawn from the text.  • With readily accessible text, students demonstrate the ability to be mostly accurate when quoting or referencing, showing understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when explaining inferences drawn from the text.	<ul> <li>explaining inferences drawn from the text.</li> <li>With readily accessible text, students demonstrate the ability to be mostly accurate when quoting or referencing, showing understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when explaining inferences drawn from the text.</li> </ul>	demonstrate the ability to be <u>partially accurate</u> when quoting or referencing, showing <u>partial</u> understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when explaining inferences drawn from the text.

Writing - Written Expression

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at Level 5 exceeds	A student who achieves at Level 4 meets	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2
<b>expectations</b> for the assessed standards.	<b>expectations</b> for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the assessed	partially meets expectations for the
		standards.	assessed standards.
In writing, students address the prompts	In writing, students address the prompts	In writing, students address the	In writing, students address the
and provide effective development of	and provide development of ideas,	prompts and provide basic	prompts and provide minimal
ideas, including when drawing evidence	including when drawing evidence from	development of ideas, including when	development of ideas, including
from multiple sources, in the majority of	multiple sources, while in the majority of	drawing evidence from multiple	when drawing evidence from
instances demonstrating purposeful and	instances demonstrating purposeful and	sources, while in the majority of	multiple sources, while in the
<u>controlled</u> organization.	mostly controlled organization.	instances demonstrating organization	majority of instances demonstrating
		that <u>sometimes</u> is <u>controlled</u> .	organization that often is not
The student:	The student:		<u>controlled</u> .
<ul> <li>Provides effective development of the</li> </ul>	Develops the topic and/or	The student:	
topic and/or narrative elements, using	narrative elements using	<ul> <li>Develops the topic and/or</li> </ul>	The student:
reasoning, details, and/or description.	reasoning, details, and/or	narrative elements minimally	<ul> <li>Minimal development of the</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Develops topic and/or narrative</li> </ul>	description.	by using some reasoning,	topic and/or narrative
elements in a manner that is	Develops topic and/or narrative	details, and/or description.	elements and is, therefore,
appropriate to the task, purpose,	elements in a manner that is	Develops topic and/or narrative	inappropriate to the task and
and audience.	mostly appropriate to the task,	elements in manner that is general	purpose.
Demonstrates coherence, clarity, and	purpose, and audience.	in its appropriateness to the task,	<ul> <li>Demonstrates minimal</li> </ul>
cohesion and includes an introduction	Demonstrates general	purpose, and audience.	coherence, clarity, and
and/or conclusion.	coherence, clarity, and cohesion	Demonstrates some	cohesion.
Attends to the norms and	and may or may not include an	coherence, clarity, and	Demonstrates minimal
conventions of the discipline.	introduction and/or conclusion.	cohesion, omitting the	awareness of the norms of the
Effectively draws evidence from	Demonstrates general awareness of	introduction or conclusion.	discipline.
literary or informational texts to	the norms and conventions of the	Demonstrates some awareness of	Draws minimal evidence from
support analysis, reflection, and	discipline.	the norms of the discipline.	literary or informational texts to
research.	Draws evidence from literary or	Draws partial evidence from	support analysis, reflection, and
Effectively uses concrete words	informational texts to support analysis,	literary or informational texts to	research.
and phrases, sensory details,	reflection, and research.	support analysis, reflection, and	<ul> <li>Includes minimal descriptions,</li> </ul>
linking and transitional words,	Uses concrete words and phrases,     concert details, linking and	research.	sensory details, linking and
and/or domain-specific	sensory details, linking and	Includes some descriptions,     sensory details linking and	transitional words, or domain-
vocabulary to clarify ideas.	transitional words, and/or domain-	sensory details, linking and transitional words, or domain-	specific vocabulary, limiting
	specific vocabulary to clarify ideas.		the overall clarity with which
		specific vocabulary to clarify ideas.	ideas are expressed.

Writing – Knowledge of Language and Conventions

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at <b>Level 5</b>	A student who achieves at <b>Level 4 meets</b>	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2
exceeds expectations for the assessed	<b>expectations</b> for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the assessed	partially meets expectations for the
standards.		standards.	assessed standards.
In writing, students demonstrate full	In writing, students demonstrate command	In writing, students demonstrate basic	In writing, students demonstrate
command of the conventions of Standard	of the conventions of Standard English	command of the conventions of Standard	minimal command of the conventions of
English consistent with edited writing.	consistent with edited writing. There are	English consistent with edited writing.	Standard English consistent with edited
There may be some errors in grammar	errors in grammar and usage that may	There are few patterns of errors in	writing. There are patterns of errors in
and usage, but overall meaning is clear.	occasionally impede understanding.	grammar and usage that impede	grammar and usage that impede
		understanding, demonstrating partial	understanding, demonstrating minimal
		control over language.	control over language.

## **Grade 6 ELA Performance Level Descriptors**

Reading

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at <b>Level</b>	A student who achieves at	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2
5 exceeds expectations for the	Level 4 meets expectations	approaches expectations for the assessed	partially meets expectations for the
assessed standards.	for the assessed standards.	standards.	assessed standards.
In reading, the pattern exhibited by student responses indicates:  • With very complex text, students demonstrate the ability to do mostly accurate analyses of the text, showing understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when supporting sound inferences drawn from the text	In reading, the pattern exhibited by student responses indicates:  • With very complex text, students demonstrate the ability to do generally accurate analyses of the text, showing general understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when supporting sound inferences drawn from the text.	In reading, the pattern exhibited by student responses indicates:  • With very complex text, students demonstrate the ability to do minimally accurate analyses of the text, showing minimal understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when supporting sound inferences drawn from the text.	In reading, the pattern exhibited by student responses indicates:  • With very complex text, students demonstrate the inability to do an accurate analysis of the text, showing limited understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when supporting sound inferences drawn from the text.
<ul> <li>With moderately complex text, students demonstrate the ability to do mostly accurate analyses of the text, showing understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when supporting sound inferences drawn from the text.</li> <li>With readily accessible text, students demonstrate the ability to do accurate analyses of the text, showing full understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when supporting sound inferences drawn from the text.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>With moderately complex text, students demonstrate the ability to do generally accurate analyses of the text, showing general understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when supporting sound inferences drawn from the text.</li> <li>With readily accessible text, students demonstrate the ability to do mostly accurate analyses of the text, showing understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when supporting sound inferences drawn from the text.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>With moderately complex text, students demonstrate the ability to do generally accurate analyses of the text, showing basic understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when supporting sound inferences drawn from the text.</li> <li>With readily accessible text, students demonstrate the ability to do mostly accurate analyses of the text, showing understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when supporting sound inferences drawn from the text and when supporting sound inferences drawn from the text.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>With moderately complex text, students demonstrate the ability to do minimally accurate analyses of the text, showing minimal understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when supporting sound inferences drawn from the text.</li> <li>With readily accessible text, students demonstrate the ability to do partially accurate analyses of the text, showing partial understanding of the text when referring to explicit details and examples in the text and when supporting sound inferences drawn from the text.</li> </ul>

Writing – Written Expression

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at <b>Level 5 exceeds</b>	A student who achieves at Level 4 meets	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2 partially
<b>expectations</b> for the assessed standards.	<b>expectations</b> for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the assessed	meets expectations for the assessed
		standards.	standards.
In writing, students address the prompts	In writing, students address the prompts	In writing, students address the prompts	In writing, students address the prompts
and provide effective development of	and provide development of ideas,	and provide <u>basic</u> development of ideas,	and provide minimal development of
ideas, including when drawing evidence	including when drawing evidence from	including when drawing evidence from	ideas, including when drawing evidence
from multiple sources, while	multiple sources, while demonstrating	multiple sources, while generally	from multiple sources, while
demonstrating <u>effective</u> coherence, clarity,	coherence, clarity, and/or cohesion.	demonstrating <u>basic</u> coherence, clarity,	demonstrating minimal coherence, clarity,
and/or cohesion.	The student:	and/or cohesion.	and/or cohesion.
The student:	<ul> <li>Provides development of the claim,</li> </ul>	The student:	The student:
<ul> <li>Provides effective development of the claim, topic, and/or narrative elements, using clear reasoning, details, text-based evidence, and/or description.</li> <li>Develops claim, topic, and/or narrative elements in a manner that is appropriate to the task, purpose, and audience.</li> <li>Demonstrates coherence, clarity, and cohesion and includes an introduction, conclusion, and a logical progression of ideas.</li> <li>Establishes and maintains an effective style, while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline.</li> <li>Effectively draws evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</li> <li>Includes precise language including descriptive words and phrases, sensory details, linking and transitional words,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Establishes and maintains a mostly effective style, while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>and/or cohesion, making the writer's progression of ideas somewhat unclear.</li><li>Employs a style that is generally</li></ul>	topic and/or narrative elements that is
words to indicate tone, and/or domain- specific vocabulary.	transitional words, words to indicate tone, and/or domain-specific vocabulary.		

Writing – Knowledge of Language and Conventions

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at <b>Level 5</b>	A student who achieves at <b>Level 4 meets</b>	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2
exceeds expectations for the assessed	<b>expectations</b> for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the assessed	partially meets expectations for the
standards.		standards.	assessed standards.
In writing, students demonstrate full	In writing, students demonstrate command	In writing, students demonstrate basic	In writing, students demonstrate
command of the conventions of Standard	of the conventions of Standard English	command of the conventions of Standard	minimal command of the conventions of
English consistent with edited writing.	consistent with edited writing. There are	English consistent with edited writing.	Standard English consistent with edited
There may be some errors in grammar	errors in grammar and usage that may	There are few patterns of errors in	writing. There are patterns of errors in
and usage, but overall meaning is clear.	occasionally impede understanding.	grammar and usage that impede	grammar and usage that impede
		understanding, demonstrating partial	understanding, demonstrating minimal
		control over language.	control over language.

## **Grade 7 ELA Performance Level Descriptors**

## Reading

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at Level 5	A student who achieves at <b>Level 4 meets</b>	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2 partially
exceeds expectations for the assessed	<b>expectations</b> for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the assessed	meets expectations for the assessed
standards.		standards.	standards.
In <b>reading</b> , the pattern exhibited by	In <b>reading</b> , the pattern exhibited by student	In reading, the pattern exhibited by	In <b>reading</b> , the pattern exhibited by
student responses indicates:	responses indicates:	student responses indicates:	student responses indicates:
<ul> <li>With very complex text, students</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>With <u>very complex text</u>, students</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>With very complex text, students</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>With <u>very complex text</u>, students</li> </ul>
demonstrate the ability to do	demonstrate the ability to do	demonstrate the ability to do	demonstrate the <u>inability</u> to do an
mostly accurate analyses of the	generally accurate analyses of the	minimally accurate analyses of the	accurate analysis of the text,
text, showing understanding of	text, showing general understanding	text, showing <u>minimal</u>	showing <u>limited</u> understanding of
the text when referring to explicit	of the text when referring to explicit	understanding of the text when	the text when referring to explicit
details and examples in the text	details and examples in the text and	referring to explicit details and	details and examples in the text and
and when supporting sound	when supporting sound inferences	examples in the text and when	when supporting sound inferences
inferences drawn from the text.	drawn from the text.	supporting sound inferences drawn	drawn from the text.
<ul> <li>With <u>moderately complex text</u>,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>With moderately complex text,</li> </ul>	from the text.	<ul> <li>With moderately complex text,</li> </ul>
students demonstrate the ability to	students demonstrate the ability to	<ul> <li>With <u>moderately complex text</u>,</li> </ul>	students demonstrate the ability to
do mostly accurate analyses of the	do generally accurate analyses of the	students demonstrate the ability to	do minimally accurate analyses of
text, showing understanding of the	text, showing <u>general</u> understanding	do generally accurate analyses of	the text, showing minimal
text when referring to explicit details		the text, showing <u>basic</u>	understanding of the text when
and examples in the text and when	details and examples in the text and	understanding of the text when	referring to explicit details and
supporting sound inferences drawn	when supporting sound inferences	referring to explicit details and	examples in the text and when
from the text.	drawn from the text.	examples in the text and when	supporting sound inferences drawn
<ul> <li>With <u>readily accessible text</u>,</li> </ul>	With <u>readily accessible text</u> , students	supporting sound inferences drawn	from the text.
students demonstrate the ability	demonstrate the ability to do mostly	from the text.	<ul> <li>With <u>readily accessible text</u>,</li> </ul>
to do <u>accurate</u> analyses of the	accurate analyses of the text,	<ul> <li>With <u>readily accessible text</u>, students</li> </ul>	students demonstrate the ability to
text, showing <u>full</u> understanding of	showing understanding of the text	demonstrate the ability to do mostly	do <u>partially accurate</u> analyses of the
the text when referring to explicit	when referring to explicit details and	accurate analyses of the text,	text, showing <u>partial</u> understanding
details and examples in the text	examples in the text and when	showing understanding of the text	of the text when referring to explicit
and when supporting sound	supporting sound inferences drawn	when referring to explicit details and	details and examples in the text and
inferences drawn from the text.	from the text.	examples in the text and when	when supporting sound inferences
		supporting sound inferences drawn	drawn from the text.
		from the text.	

Writing – Written Expression

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at Level 5 exceeds	A student who achieves at Level 4 meets	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2 partially
<b>expectations</b> for the assessed standards.	<b>expectations</b> for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the	meets expectations for the assessed
		assessed standards.	standards.
In writing, students address the prompts	In writing, students address the prompts	In writing, students address the	In writing, students address the prompts
and provide effective development of	and provide development of ideas,	prompts and provide <u>basic</u>	and provide minimal development of ideas,
ideas, including when drawing evidence	including when drawing evidence from	development of ideas, including when	including when drawing evidence from
from multiple sources, while	multiple sources, while demonstrating	drawing evidence from multiple	multiple sources, while demonstrating
demonstrating <u>effective</u> coherence, clarity,	coherence, clarity, and/or cohesion.	sources, while generally demonstrating	minimal coherence, clarity, and/or
and/or cohesion.		basic coherence, clarity, and/or	cohesion.
	The student:	cohesion.	
The student:	<ul> <li>Provides development of the claim,</li> </ul>		The student:
Provides effective development of the	topic, and/or narrative elements, using	The student:	Provides minimal development of the
claim, topic, and/or narrative elements,	reasoning, details, text-based evidence,	Provides some development of the	claim, topic, and/or narrative elements,
using clear reasoning, details, text-	and/or description.	claim, topic, and/or narrative	using minimal reasoning, details, text-
based evidence, and/or description.	Develops claim, topic, and/or narrative	elements, using basic reasoning,	based evidence, and/or description.
Develops claim, topic, and/or narrative	elements in a manner that is mostly	details, text-based evidence, and/or	Minimal development of the claim,
elements in a manner that is	appropriate to the task, purpose, and	description.	topic and/or narrative elements that is
appropriate to the task, purpose, and	audience.	Develops claim, topic, and/or	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
audience.	Demonstrates general coherence,	narrative elements in a manner that	
Demonstrates coherence, clarity, and	clarity, and cohesion and includes an	is somewhat appropriate to the task,	
cohesion and includes an introduction,	introduction, conclusion, and logically	purpose, and audience.	clarity, and/or cohesion, making the
conclusion, and a logical progression of	grouped ideas.	Demonstrates some coherence,	writer's progression of ideas unclear.
ideas.	Establishes and maintains a mostly     affective style while attending to the	clarity, and/or cohesion, making the	Employs a minimally effective style, and     minimal averages of the norms of the
Establishes and maintains an effective     style while attending to the narms and	effective style, while attending to the norms and conventions of the	writer's progression of ideas somewhat unclear.	minimal awareness of the norms of the
style, while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline.	discipline.		<ul><li>discipline.</li><li>Draws minimal evidence from literary</li></ul>
<ul> <li>Effectively draws evidence from literary</li> </ul>	· ·	<ul> <li>Employs a style that is generally effective, with basic awareness of</li> </ul>	Draws minimal evidence from literary or informational texts to support
or informational texts to support	informational texts to support analysis,	the norms of the discipline.	analysis, reflection, and research.
analysis, reflection, and research.	reflection, and research.	<ul> <li>Draws some evidence from literary</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Includes minimal descriptions, sensory</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Includes precise language including</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Includes mostly precise language,</li> </ul>	or informational texts to support	details, linking or transitional words,
descriptive words and phrases, sensory	including descriptive words and	analysis, reflection, and research.	words to indicate tone, or domain-
details, linking and transitional words,	phrases, sensory details, linking and	<ul> <li>Includes some descriptions, sensory</li> </ul>	specific vocabulary.
words to indicate tone, and/or domain-	transitional words, words to indicate	details, linking or transitional words,	5,555 1050000101
specific vocabulary.	tone, and/or domain-specific	words to indicate tone, or domain-	
,	vocabulary.	specific vocabulary.	

Writing – Knowledge of Language and Conventions

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at <b>Level 5</b>	A student who achieves at <b>Level 4 meets</b>	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2
exceeds expectations for the assessed	<b>expectations</b> for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the assessed	partially meets expectations for the
standards.		standards.	assessed standards.
In writing, students demonstrate full	In writing, students demonstrate command	In writing, students demonstrate basic	In writing, students demonstrate
command of the conventions of Standard	of the conventions of Standard English	command of the conventions of Standard	minimal command of the conventions of
English consistent with edited writing.	consistent with edited writing. There are	English consistent with edited writing.	Standard English consistent with edited
There may be some errors in grammar	errors in grammar and usage that may	There are few patterns of errors in	writing. There are patterns of errors in
and usage, but overall meaning is clear.	occasionally impede understanding.	grammar and usage that impede	grammar and usage that impede
		understanding, demonstrating partial	understanding, demonstrating minimal
		control over language.	control over language

## **Grade 8 ELA Performance Level Descriptors**

Reading

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at <b>Level 5</b>	A student who achieves at Level 4 meets	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2
exceeds expectations for the assessed	<b>expectations</b> for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the	partially meets expectations for the
standards.		assessed standards.	assessed standards.
In <b>reading</b> , the pattern exhibited by	In <b>reading</b> , the pattern exhibited by	In <b>reading</b> , the pattern exhibited by	In <b>reading</b> , the pattern exhibited by
student responses indicates:	student responses indicates:	student responses indicates:	student responses indicates:
<ul> <li>With very complex text, students</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>With very complex text, students</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>With very complex text, students</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>With very complex text, students</li> </ul>
demonstrate the ability to do mostly	demonstrate the ability to do generally	demonstrate the ability to do minimally	demonstrate the <u>inability</u> to do an
accurate analyses of text, showing	accurate analyses of the text, showing	accurate analyses of the text, showing	accurate analysis of the text, showing
understanding of the text when	general understanding of the text when	minimal understanding of the text	<u>limited</u> understanding of the text
referring to explicit details and	referring to explicit details and	when referring to explicit details and	when referring to explicit details and
examples in the text and when	examples in the text and when	examples in the text and when	examples in the text and when
supporting sound inferences drawn	supporting sound inferences drawn	supporting sound inferences drawn	supporting sound inferences drawn
from the text.	from the text.	from the text.	from the text.
<ul> <li>With moderately complex text,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>With moderately complex text,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>With moderately complex text,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>With moderately complex text,</li> </ul>
students demonstrate the ability to do	students demonstrate the ability to do	students demonstrate the ability to do	students demonstrate the ability to do
mostly accurate analyses of the text,	generally accurate analyses of the text,	generally accurate analyses of the text,	minimally accurate analyses of the
showing understanding of the text	showing general understanding of the	showing <u>basic</u> understanding of the text	text, showing minimal understanding
when referring to explicit details and	text when referring to explicit details	when referring to explicit details and	of the text when referring to explicit
examples in the text and when	and examples in the text and when	examples in the text and when	details and examples in the text and
supporting sound inferences drawn	supporting sound inferences drawn	supporting sound inferences drawn	when supporting sound inferences
from the text.	from the text.	from the text.	drawn from the text.
<ul> <li>With <u>readily accessible text</u>, students</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>With readily accessible text, students</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>With readily accessible text, students</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>With readily accessible text, students</li> </ul>
demonstrate the ability to do accurate	demonstrate the ability to do mostly	demonstrate the ability to do mostly	demonstrate the ability to do <u>partially</u>
analyses of the text, showing <u>full</u>	accurate analyses of the text, showing	accurate analyses of the text, showing	accurate analyses of the text, showing
understanding of the text when	understanding of the text when	understanding of the text when	partial understanding of the text when
referring to explicit details and	referring to explicit details and	referring to explicit details and	referring to explicit details and
examples in the text and when	examples in the text and when	examples in the text and when	examples in the text and when
supporting sound inferences drawn	supporting sound inferences drawn	supporting sound inferences drawn	supporting sound inferences drawn
from the text.	from the text.	from the text.	from the text.

Writing – Written Expression

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at <b>Level 5 exceeds</b>	A student who achieves at <b>Level 4 meets</b>	A student who achieves at Level 3	A student who achieves at Level 2
<b>expectations</b> for the assessed standards.	<b>expectations</b> for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the	partially meets expectations for the
		assessed standards.	assessed standards.
In writing, students address the prompts	In writing, students address the prompts	In writing, students address the	In writing, students address the
and provide effective development of	and provide development of ideas,	prompts and provide <u>basic</u>	prompts and provide minimal
ideas, including when drawing evidence	including when drawing evidence from	development of ideas, including when	development of ideas, including when
from multiple sources, while	multiple sources, while demonstrating	drawing evidence from multiple	drawing evidence from multiple
demonstrating <u>effective</u> coherence, clarity,	coherence, clarity, and/or cohesion.	sources, while generally demonstrating	sources, while demonstrating minimal
and/or cohesion.	The student:	basic coherence, clarity, and/or	coherence, clarity, and/or cohesion.
The student:	<ul> <li>Provides development of the claim,</li> </ul>	cohesion.	The student:
Provides effective development of the	topic, and/or narrative elements, using	The student:	<ul> <li>Provides minimal development of</li> </ul>
claim, topic, and/or narrative elements,	reasoning, details, text-based evidence,	<ul> <li>Provides some development of the</li> </ul>	the claim, topic, and/or narrative
using clear reasoning, details, text-based	and/or description.	claim, topic, and/or narrative	elements, using minimal reasoning,
evidence, and/or description.	<ul> <li>Develops claim, topic, and/or narrative</li> </ul>	elements, using basic reasoning,	details, text-based evidence, and/or
<ul> <li>Develops claim, topic, and/or narrative</li> </ul>	elements in a manner that is mostly	details, text-based evidence, and/or	description.
elements in a manner that is appropriate	appropriate to the task, purpose, and	description.	<ul> <li>Minimal development of the claim,</li> </ul>
to the task, purpose, and audience.	audience.	Develops claim, topic, and/or	topic and/or narrative elements that
Demonstrates coherence, clarity, and	• Demonstrates general coherence, clarity,	narrative elements in a manner that	is minimally appropriate to the task,
cohesion and includes an introduction,	and cohesion and includes an	is somewhat appropriate to the task,	purpose, and audience.
conclusion, and a logical progression of	introduction, conclusion, and logically	purpose, and audience.	Demonstrates minimal coherence,
ideas.	grouped ideas.	Demonstrates some coherence,	clarity, and/or cohesion, making the
Establishes and maintains an effective	• Establishes and maintains a mostly	clarity, and/or cohesion, making the	writer's progression of ideas unclear.
style, while attending to the norms and	effective style, while attending to the	writer's progression of ideas	• Employs a minimally effective style,
conventions of the discipline.	norms and conventions of the discipline.	somewhat unclear.	and minimal awareness of the norms
Effectively draws evidence from literary	Draws evidence from literary or	• Employs a style that is generally	of the discipline.
or informational texts to support	informational texts to support analysis,	effective, with basic awareness of the	Draws minimal evidence from    hora   main formation   house   ho
analysis, reflection, and research.	reflection, and research.	norms of the discipline.	literary or informational texts to
Includes precise language including	Includes mostly precise language,  including descriptive words and phrases.	Draws some evidence from literary or     informational toyte to support	support analysis, reflection, and
descriptive words and phrases, sensory details, linking and transitional words,	including descriptive words and phrases,	informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	research.  • Includes minimal descriptions,
words to indicate tone, and/or domain-	sensory details, linking and transitional words, words to indicate tone, and/or	• Includes some descriptions, sensory	sensory details, linking or
specific vocabulary.	domain-specific vocabulary.	details, linking or transitional words,	transitional words, words to indicate
specific vocabulary.	domain-specific vocabulary.	words to indicate tone, or domain-	tone, or domain-specific vocabulary.
		specific vocabulary.	tone, or domain-specific vocabulary.

Writing – Knowledge of Language and Conventions

Level 5	Level 4	Level 3	Level 2
A student who achieves at <b>Level 5</b>	A student who achieves at <b>Level 4 meets</b>	A student who achieves at <b>Level 3</b>	A student who achieves at <b>Level 2</b>
<b>exceeds expectations</b> for the assessed	<b>expectations</b> for the assessed standards.	approaches expectations for the	partially meets expectations for the
standards.		assessed standards.	assessed standards.
In writing, students demonstrate full	In writing, students demonstrate	In writing, students demonstrate basic	In writing, students demonstrate
command of the conventions of	command of the conventions of Standard	command of the conventions of Standard	minimal command of the conventions
Standard English consistent with edited	English consistent with edited writing.	English consistent with edited writing.	of Standard English consistent with
writing. There may be some errors in	There are <u>errors</u> in grammar and usage	There are few patterns of errors in	edited writing. There are patterns of
grammar and usage, but overall meaning	that <u>may</u> occasionally impede	grammar and usage that impede	errors in grammar and usage that
is clear.	understanding.	understanding, demonstrating partial	impede understanding, demonstrating
		control over language.	minimal control over language.

## **Grade 3 Mathematics Performance Level Descriptors**

	The student selves problems in		: Sub-Claim A	ands for Mathematical Practice
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations		3 with connections to the Standard vel 3: Approaches Expectations	
Products and Quotients 3.OA.1 3.OA.2 3.OA.4 3.OA.6 3.OA.7-1 3.OA.7-2	Understands and interprets products and quotients of whole numbers.  Determines the unknown whole number in a multiplication or division problem by relating multiplication and division. Both factors are greater than 5 and less than or equal 10.	quotients of whole numbers.  Determines the unknown whole number in a multiplication or division problem by relating multiplication and division. One factor is greater than or equal	Interprets products and quotients of whole numbers.  Determines the unknown whole number in a multiplication or division problem by relating multiplication and division, with both factors less than or equal to 5, or with one factor of 10.	Determines the unknown whole number in a multiplication or
	Accurately multiplies and	Accurately multiplies and divides within 100, using strategies relating multiplication and division or properties of	Multiplies and divides within 100, using strategies relating multiplication and division or properties of operations.	
Multiplication and Division 3.OA.3-1 3.OA.3-2 3.OA.3-3 3.OA.3-4	problems involving equal groups, arrays, area, and	division within 100 to solve word problems involving equal groups and arrays. One factor is > or = to 5.	Given a visual aid, uses multiplication and division within 100 to solve word problems involving equal groups <b>and arrays</b> , with both factors < or = to 5, or with one factor of 10.	Given a visual aid, uses multiplication and division within 100 to solve word problems involving equal groups. Both factors are < or = to 5, with both factor of 10.
Two-Step Problems 3.OA.8 3.Int.1 3.Int.2	Solves two-step unscaffolded word problems using the four operations, including rounding where appropriate, in which the unknown is in a variety of positions. Both values for each operation performed is substantial (towards the upper limits as defined by the standard assessed).	word problems using the four operations in which the unknown is in a variety of positions. One of the values for each operation performed is substantial (towards the upper limits as defined by the standard assessed).	Solves two-step scaffolded word problems using the four operations and in which the sum, difference, product or quotient is always the unknown. One of the values for each operation performed is substantial (towards the upper limits as defined by the standard assessed).	
Fraction Equivalence 3.NF.3a-1 3.NF.3a-2 3.NF.3b-1 3.NF-3c 3.NF-3d 3.NF.A.Int.1	with denominators of 2, 3, 4, 6	generates equivalent fractions using denominators of 2, 4, and 8.  Expresses whole numbers as fractions.	Given a visual model, understands, recognizes and generates equivalent fractions with denominators of 2, 4 and 8.  Expresses whole numbers as fractions.	Given a visual model recognizes equivalent fractions with denominators of 2, 4 and 8.  Expresses the number 1 as a fraction.

	Grade 3 Math: Sub-Claim A  The student solves problems involving Major Content for Grade 3 with connections to the Stand				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
	Compares two fractions that have the same numerator or same denominator using symbols to justify conclusions. Plots the location of equivalent fractions on a number line. The student must recognize that two fractions must refer to the same whole in order to compare.	have the same numerator or same denominator using symbols <b>and justifies</b> <b>conclusions by using a visual</b> <b>model.</b> The student must	Compares two fractions that have the same numerator or same denominator using symbols. The student must recognize that two fractions must refer to the same whole in order to compare.		
	Given a whole number and two fractions in a real-world situation, plots all three numbers on a number line and determines which fraction is closest to the whole number. Justifies the comparison by plotting points on a number line.				
Fractions as Numbers 3.NF.1 3.NF.2 3.NF.A.Int.1	Understands 1/b is equal to one whole partitioned into b equal parts—limiting the denominators to 2, <b>3</b> , 4, <b>6</b> and 8.	whole partitioned into b equal parts—limiting the denominators		whole partitioned into <i>b</i> equal	
J. W. W. W. W. L.	line diagram by partitioning the number line between 0-1 into <i>b</i> equal parts recognizing that <i>b</i> is	line diagram by partitioning the number line between 0-1 into be equal parts recognizing that b is	Represents 1/b on a number line diagram by partitioning the number line between 0-1 into b equal parts recognizing that b is the total number of parts.	Identifies 1/b on a number line diagram when partitioned between 0 and 1 into b equal parts.	
	Demonstrates understanding of the quantity $a/b$ by marking off $a$ parts of $1/b$ from 0 on the number line and states that the endpoint locates the number $a/b$ .	understanding of the quantity	Represents fractions in the form <i>a/b</i> using a visual model.		
	Applies the concepts of 1/b and a/b in real-world situations.				
	Describes the number line that best fits the context.				
<b>Time</b> 3.MD.1-1 3.MD.1-2	Tells, writes and measures time to the nearest minute.	Tells, writes and measures time to the nearest minute.	Tells, writes and measures time to the nearest minute.	Tells, writes and measures time to the nearest minute.	
	involving addition <b>and</b>	involving addition or subtraction of time intervals in minutes.	Solves one-step word problems involving addition or subtraction of time intervals in minutes, with scaffolding, such as a number line diagram.		
Volumes and	Using grams, kilograms or liters, measures, estimates and <b>solves</b>	Using grams, kilograms or		Using grams, kilograms or liters measures liquid volumes and	

	Grade 3 Math : Sub-Claim A			
	The student solves problems in	volving Major Content for Grade		ards for Mathematical Practice.
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations		vel 3: Approaches Expectations	
3.MD.2-1	multi-step word problems	1 · ·	=	masses of concrete objects
3.MD.2-2	involving liquid volumes and	, ,	using concrete objects	(beakers, measuring cups,
3.MD.2-3		basic operations.	(beakers, measuring cups,	scales).
3.Int.5	the four basic operations.		scales) to develop estimates.	
	Number values should be			
	towards the higher end of the			
		Uses estimated measurements,		
		when indicated, to answer one-		
		step word problems.		
	Uses estimated measurements			
	to compare answers to one-			
	step word problems.			
	Evaluates usefulness and			
	accuracy of estimations.			
Geometric	Recognizes area as an attribute	Recognizes area as an attribute	Recognizes area as an attribute	Recognizes area as an attribute
Measureme	of plane figures.	of plane figures.	of plane figures.	of plane figures.
nt				
3.MD.5	Understands area is measured	With a visual model,	With a visual model,	With a visual model,
3.MD.6	using square units. <b>Describes a</b>		understands area is measured	understands area is measured
3.MD.7b-1	visual model to show	using square units. Determines	using square units. <b>Determines</b>	using square units. Determines
3.MD.7d	_		area by covering a plane figure	area by counting unit squares.
	can be found by covering a	without gaps or overlaps by unit		
	plane figure without gaps or	squares and counting them.	unit squares and counting	
	overlaps by unit squares and		them.	
	counting them.			
	Connects counting squares to			
	multiplication when finding			
		Represents the area of a plane		
		figure as "n" square units.		
	Represents the area of a plane			
	figure as "n" square units.			

	Grade 3 Math: Sub-Claim B  The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 3 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
Multi-Digit Arithmetic 3.NBT.2 3.NBT.3	within 1000 using strategies and algorithms based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and	within 1000 using strategies and algorithms based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and	using strategies and algorithms based on place value, properties of operations with	Adds and subtracts within 1000, using strategies and algorithms based on place value, properties of operations with scaffolding, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.	
	numbers by multiples of 10 in the range 10-90 using strategies based on place value	multiply one-digit whole numbers by multiples of 10 in the range 10-90 <b>using strategies</b> <b>based on place value and</b>	Uses repeated addition to multiply one-digit whole numbers by multiples of 10 in the range 10-90 using strategies based on place value and properties of operations.		

		Grade 3 Math			
	The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 3 with connections to the Standards for				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Mathematic	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
Scaled Graphs 3.MD.3-1 3.MD.3-3 3.Int.4  Measureme nt Data	graph and a scaled bar graph to represent a data set.	represent a data set.	model as a guide. Solves one-step "how many	Identifies a correctly scaled	
3.MD.4	nearest half and fourth inch.  Shows the data by making a line plot, where the horizontal scale is marked in appropriate units of whole numbers, halves or quarters.  Uses the line plot to answer questions or solve problems.	nearest half inch.  Shows the data by making a line plot, where the horizontal scale is marked in appropriate units of whole numbers or halves.	nearest half inch.  Shows the data by making a line plot, where the horizontal scale is marked in appropriate units of whole numbers or halves, with scaffolding.	scale provided.	
Understandi ng Shapes 3.G.1	Recognizes and sorts examples of quadrilaterals that have shared attributes and shows that the shared attributes can define a larger category.  Draws examples and nonexamples of quadrilaterals with	quadrilaterals and the subcategories of quadrilaterals.  Recognizes examples of quadrilaterals that have shared attributes and that the shared attributes can define a larger category.  Draws examples of quadrilaterals with specific	Identifies examples of quadrilaterals and the subcategories of quadrilaterals.  Recognizes examples of quadrilaterals that have shared attributes and that the shared attributes can define a larger category.		
Perimeter and Area 3.G.2 3.MD.8 3.Int.3	Solves real-world and mathematical problems involving perimeters of polygons, including finding the perimeter given the side lengths, finding an unknown side length, and provides examples of rectangles with the	involving perimeters of polygons, including finding the perimeter given the side lengths, finding an unknown side length, and provides examples of rectangles with the same area and different perimeters.	Solves mathematical problems involving perimeters of polygons, including finding the perimeter given the side lengths, and identifying rectangles with the same area and different perimeters.	Solves mathematical problems involving perimeters of polygons, including finding the perimeter given the side lengths.	

Grade 3 Math: Sub-Claim B  The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 3 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.			
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
acceptable values for each operation			
Partitions shapes into parts with equal areas and expresses the area as a unit fraction of the whole.			

	Grade 3 Math: Sub-Claim C				
	In connection with content, the student expresses Grade 3 appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	_	
				Expectations	
				In connection with the content	
Operations		knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	
3.C.1-1	described in Sub-claims A and B,				
3.C.1-2	-	the student clearly constructs	the student constructs and	the student constructs and	
3.C.1-3		and communicates a complete	communicates a written	communicates an incomplete	
3.C.2		written response based on		written response based on	
		explanations/reasoning using:	explanations/reasoning using:	explanations/reasoning using:	
	properties of operations	<ul> <li>properties of operations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>properties of operations</li> </ul>	properties of operations	
	<ul> <li>relationship between addition</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>relationship between</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>relationship between</li> </ul>	relationship between addition	
	and subtraction	addition and subtraction	addition and subtraction	and subtraction	
	relationship between     multiplication and division	<ul> <li>relationship between</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>relationship between</li> </ul>	relationship between	
	<ul><li>multiplication and division</li><li>identification of arithmetic</li></ul>	multiplication and division	multiplication and division	multiplication and division	
	patterns	<ul> <li>identification of arithmetic</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>identification of arithmetic</li> </ul>	identification of arithmetic	
	Response may include:	patterns	patterns	patterns	
	<ul> <li>a logical/defensible approach</li> </ul>	Response may include:	Response may include:	Response may include:	
	based on a conjecture and/or	<ul> <li>a logical/defensible approach</li> </ul>		an approach based on a	
	stated assumptions, utilizing	based on a conjecture and/or	a conjecture and/or stated	conjecture and/or stated or	
	mathematical connections	stated assumptions, utilizing	assumptions	faulty assumptions	
	(when appropriate)	mathematical connections	<ul> <li>a logical, but incomplete,</li> </ul>	an incomplete or illogical	
	an efficient and logical	(when appropriate)	progression of steps	progression of steps	
	progression of steps with	<ul> <li>a logical progression of steps</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>minor calculation errors</li> </ul>	an intrusive calculation error	
	appropriate justification	<ul> <li>precision of calculation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>limited use of grade-level</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>limited use of grade-level</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>precision of calculation</li> </ul>	correct use of grade-level	vocabulary, symbols and	vocabulary, symbols and	
	<ul> <li>correct use of grade-level</li> </ul>	vocabulary, symbols and	labels	labels	
	vocabulary, symbols, labels	labels	<ul> <li>partial justification of a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>partial justification of a</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> </ul>	conclusion based on own	conclusion based on own	
	<ul> <li>determination of whether an</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>evaluating, interpreting and</li> </ul>	calculations	calculations	
	argument or conclusion is	critiquing the validity of	<ul> <li>evaluating the validity of</li> </ul>		
	generalizable	other's responses,	other's responses,		
	<ul> <li>evaluating, interpreting and</li> </ul>	reasonings, and approaches,	approaches and conclusions.		
	critiquing the validity of	utilizing mathematical			
	other's responses,	connections (when			
	reasonings, and approaches,	appropriate).			
	utilizing mathematical				
	connections (when				
	appropriate). <b>Provides a</b>				
	counter-example where				
	applicable.				

	Grade 3 Math: Sub-Claim C In connection with content, the student expresses Grade 3 appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments,			
	critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
and Diagrams 3.C.3-1	knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well- organized and complete	knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a wellorganized and complete response based on operations	the student constructs and communicates <b>a response</b> based on operations using concrete referents such as	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates <b>an</b> incomplete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagrams – including number
	diagramsincluding number lines (whether provided in the prompt or constructed by the student) and connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include:  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)  • an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification  • precision of calculation  • correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  • justification of a conclusion  • determination of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable  • evaluating, interpreting, and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches, and reasoning, and providing a counterexample where applicable	diagramsincluding number lines (whether provided in the prompt or constructed by the student) and connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include:  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)  • a logical progression of steps  • precision of calculation  • correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  • justification of a conclusion  • evaluating, interpreting, and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches, and reasoning.	lines (provided in the prompt) – connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include:  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  • a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps  • minor calculation errors  • some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  • partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations.  • evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions	lines (provided in the prompt) – connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include:  • a conjecture and/or stated or faulty assumptions  • an incomplete or illogical progression of steps  • an intrusive calculation error  • limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  • partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations  • accepting the validity of other's responses
Correct Explanation/ Reasoning	knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs	knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student <b>clearly</b> constructs	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates a complete	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete
	organized and complete response by:  presenting and defending	organized and complete response by:  presenting and defending	response by:  • presenting solutions to  multi-step problems in the  form of valid chains of	response by: • presenting solutions to scaffolded two-step problems
3.C.4-2 3.C.4-3 3.C.4-4 3.C.4-5 3.C.4-6 3.C.5-1	solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately • evaluating	solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately  distinguishing correct	reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately  distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from	<ul> <li>in the form of valid chains of reasoning, sometimes using symbols such as equal signs appropriately</li> <li>distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from</li> </ul>
3.C.5-2	explanation/reasoning; if	explanation/reasoning from	that which is flawed	that which is flawed

	Grade 3 Math: Sub-Claim C In connection with content, the student expresses Grade 3 appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
3.C.4-7	there is a flaw in the argument  • presenting and defending corrected reasoning Response may include:  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)  • an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification  • precision of calculation	that which is flawed  identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning or describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems  presenting corrected reasoning  Response may include:  a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)  a logical progression of steps  precision of calculation	describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems  • presenting corrected reasoning Response may include:  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  • a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps  • minor calculation errors	<ul> <li>identifying an error in reasoning</li> <li>Response may include:</li> <li>a conjecture based on faulty assumptions</li> <li>an incomplete or illogical progression of steps</li> <li>an intrusive calculation error</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting, and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches and reasoning, and providing a counterexample where applicable.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches and reasoning.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations</li> <li>evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations</li> <li>accepting the validity of other's responses</li> </ul>	

#### Grade 3 Math: Sub-Claim D In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to Grade 3 by applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for Grade 3 (or for more complex problems, knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, looking for the making use of structure, and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning. **Level 5: Exceeds Expectations Level 4: Meets Expectations Level 3: Approaches Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations Expectations** Modeling In connection with the content 3.D.1 knowledge, skills, and abilities knowledge, skills, and abilities knowledge, skills, and abilities knowledge, skills, and abilities 3.D.2 described in Sub-claims A and B, described in Sub-claims A and B described in Sub-claims A and B, described in Sub-claims A and B, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve applies mathematics to solve applies mathematics to solve applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real-world multi-step, real-world multi-step, real-world multi-step, real-world contextual word problems by: contextual word problems by: contextual word problems by contextual word problems by: using stated assumptions or using stated assumptions or using stated assumptions · using stated assumptions and making assumptions and making assumptions and and approximations to approximations to simplify a using approximations to using approximations to simplify a real-world real-world situation simplify a real-world situation simplify a real-world situation situation identifying important analyzing and/or creating mapping relationships illustrating relationships quantities by using provided constraints, relationships and between important between important tools to create models quantities by selecting **quantities by using provided** • analyzing relationships goals

### Grade 3 Math: Sub-Claim D

In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to Grade 3 by applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for Grade 3 (or for more complex problems, knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, looking for the making use of structure, and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning.

the making use of structure, and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning.			
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets
		Expectations	Expectations
<ul> <li>mapping relationships         between important quantities         by selecting appropriate tools         to create models         analyzing relationships         mathematically between         important quantities to draw         conclusions         justifying and defending         models which lead to a         conclusion         interpreting mathematical         results in the context of the         situation         reflecting on whether the         results make sense         improving the model if it has         not served its purpose         writing a concise arithmetic         expression or equation to         describe a situation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions</li> <li>interpreting mathematical results in the context of the</li> </ul>	tools to create models  analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions  interpreting mathematical results in a simplified context  reflecting on whether the results make sense  modifying the model if it has not served its purpose	mathematically to draw conclusions  • writing an arithmetic expression or equation to describe a situation

# **Grade 4 Mathematics Performance Level Descriptors**

			າ : Sub-Claim A	
	·	1	4 with connections to the Stand	
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Fractions	Compares decimals to	Given a visual model and/or	Given a visual model and/or	Given a visual model and/or
and	hundredths; uses decimal	manipulatives, compares	manipulatives, compares	manipulatives, compares
Decimals	notations for fractions with	decimals to hundredths:	decimals to hundredths; uses	decimals to hundredths; uses
4.NF.1-2	denominators 10 or 100.	Expresses a fraction with	decimal notations for fractions	decimal notations for fractions
4.NF.2-1	Compares fractions, with like or	denominator 10 as an	(tenths and hundredths);	(tenths and hundredths);
4.NF.A.Int.1	unlike numerators and	equivalent fraction with	compares fractions, with like or	compares fractions with like
4.NF.5	denominators, by creating	denominator 100.	unlike numerators and	denominators.
4.NF.6	equivalent fractions with	Uses decimal notation for	denominators by comparing to	
4.NF.7	common denominators,	fractions with denominators 10	a benchmark fraction.	
4.NF.Int.1	comparing to a benchmark	or 100.		
4.NF.Int.2	fraction and generating	Compares fractions, with like or	Recognizes that decimals and	
	equivalent fractions.	unlike numerators and	fractions must refer to the	
		denominators, by creating	same whole in order to	
	Recognizes that decimals and		compare.	
	fractions must refer to the same	common denominators and		
	whole in order to compare.	comparing to a benchmark fraction.	Shows results using symbols.	
	Shows results using symbols.		Solves simple word problems	
		Recognizes that decimals and	requiring fraction comparison	
	Demonstrates the use of	fractions must refer to the same		
	conceptual understanding of	whole in order to compare.		
	fractional equivalence and	innoie in order to compare.		
	ordering when solving simple	Shows results using symbols.		
	word problems requiring			
	fraction comparison.	Solves simple word problems		
	· ·	requiring fraction comparison.		
	Converts a simple fraction to a	l cqui iig ii action compansom		
	denominator of 10 or 100 and			
	writes as a decimal (e.g.,1/2 =			
	5/10 = .5, 1/4 = 25/100 = 0.25,			
	1/20 = 5/100 = 0.05).			
	Adds fractions with			
	denominators of 10 and 100.			
Building	Understands and solves	Using visual models and/or	Using visual models and/or	Using visual models and/or
Fractions	mathematical and real-world	manipulatives, solves	manipulatives, solves	manipulatives, solves
4.NF.3a	problems involving the addition		mathematical problems	mathematical problems
4.NF.3b-1	and subtraction of fractions and			involving the addition and
4.NF.3c	mixed numbers with like	and subtraction of fractions and		subtraction of fractions with
4.NF.3d	denominators by joining and	mixed numbers with like		like denominators by joining
4.NF.Int.1	separating parts referring to the			and separating parts referring
		separating parts referring to the	to the same whole.	to the same whole.
	· · · · · ·   · · · · · · · · · · · ·	same whole.		
	model.			
			Decomposes a fraction into a	
	Decomposes a fraction into a	Decomposes a fraction into a	sum of fractions with the same	
	sum of fractions with the same		denominator in more than one	
	denominator in more than one		way and records the	
	way and records the	way and records the	decomposition using an	
	decomposition using an	decomposition using an	equation.	
	equation.	equation.		

	Grade 4 Math : Sub-Claim A			
	The student solves problems involving Major Content for Grade 4 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Fractions 4.NF.4a 4.NF.4b-1 4.NF.4b-2 4.NF.4c 4.NF.Int.1  Solving with	model and solves mathematical and real-world problems by recognizing that fraction $a/b$ is a multiple of $1/b$ and uses that construct to multiply a fraction by a whole number.  Interprets multiplication equations as comparisons and represents statements of multiplicative comparisons as	mathematical and real-world problems by recognizing that	Using visual models and/or manipulatives, solves mathematical problems by recognizing that fraction a/b is a multiple of 1/b and uses that construct to multiply a fraction by a whole number.  Interprets multiplication equations as comparisons or represents statements of multiplicative comparisons as multiplicative equations.	Using visual models and/or manipulatives, solves mathematical problems by recognizing that fraction a/b is a multiple of 1/b.  Interprets multiplication equations as comparisons or represents statements of multiplicative comparisons as multiplicative equations.
	Uses multiplication or division to solve <b>multi-step</b> word problems involving multiplicative comparisons.  Uses a symbol for the unknown	·	Uses multiplication or division to solve scaffolded word problems involving multiplicative comparisons.	
Multi-step	number. Solves multi-step word	Solves two-step word and other	Solves one- or two-step <b>word</b>	Solves one-step mathematical
4.OA.3-1 4.OA.3-2 4.NBT.5-1 4.NBT.5-2 4.NBT.6-1 4.NBT.6-2 4.Int.2	operations with whole numbers: in multiplying a three-or four-digit by a one-digit number or two two-digit numbers.  Finds whole number quotients and remainders with up to four-digit dividends and one-digit divisors and interprets remainders as appropriate.	digit by a one-digit number or two two-digit numbers  Finds whole number quotients and remainders with up to three-digit dividends and one-digit divisors and interprets remainders as appropriate.	and remainders with up to three-digit dividends and one-	problems using the four operations with whole numbers: in multiplying a threedigit by a one-digit number or two two-digit numbers.  Finds whole number quotients and remainders with up to three-digit dividends and one-digit divisors.
	strategies to solve these problems and selects an appropriate context for the task.	strategies to solve these problems.	problems. Can only solve two- step problems when scaffolding is provided for each step.	
4.NBT.1 4.NBT.2 4.NBT.3	number, recognizes a digit in one place represents 10 times	In any <b>four-digit</b> whole number, recognizes a digit in one place represents 10 times as much as it represents in the place to its right.	number, recognizes a digit in one place represents 10 times	In any three-digit whole number, recognizes a digit in one place represents 10 times as much as it represents in the place to its right.
	multi-digit whole numbers using base-10 numerals, number	Reads, writes and compares four-digit whole numbers using base-10 numerals, number names in expanded form and	Reads, writes and compares three-digit whole numbers using base-10 numerals, number names in expanded	

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	Grade 4 Math : Sub-Claim A					
	The student solves problems involving Major Content for Grade 4 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.					
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets		
				Expectations		
	inequality symbols (>, <, =),	inequality symbols (>, <, =), and	form and inequality symbols (>,			
	rounds to any place <b>and</b>	rounds to any place.	<, =), and rounds to any place			
	chooses appropriate context		with scaffolding.			
	given a rounded number.					
	Performs computations by					
	applying conceptual					
	understanding of place value,					
	rather than by applying multi-					
	digit algorithms.					
Addition and	Solves <b>multiple</b> -step word and	Solves <b>two</b> -step word problems	Solves one-step word problems	Solves one-step word problems		
Subtraction	other problems by adding or	and other problems by adding	and other problems by adding	and other problems by adding		
4.NBT.4-1	subtracting multi-digit whole	and subtracting multi-digit	and subtracting multi-digit	and subtracting multi-digit		
4.NBT.4-2	numbers using the standard	whole numbers using the	whole numbers using the	whole numbers using the		
4.Int.7	algorithm.	standard algorithm.	standard algorithm with	standard algorithm with limited		
4.Int.8			accuracy.	accuracy.		

	Grade 4 Math: Sub-Claim B  The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 4 with connections to the Standa  Mathematical Practice.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations		evel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
and Factors 4.OA.4-1 4.OA.4-2 4.OA.4-3 4.OA.4-4	number is a multiple of each of its factors, and within the range of 1-100, finds <b>all</b> factor pairs and determines multiples of whole numbers.  Determines whether a whole number in the range 1-100 is	its factors, and within the range of 1-100 finds factor pairs or determines multiples of whole numbers.  Determines whether a whole number in the range 1-100 is	number is a multiple of each of its factors, and within the range of 1-100 finds factor pairs or determines multiples of whole numbers.  Determines, with scaffolding, whether a whole number in the	Recognizes that a whole number is a multiple of each of its factors, and within the range of 1-100 identifies factor pairs or multiples of whole numbers.	
Measureme nt and	Solves measurement word problems involving whole	prime or composite.  Solves measurement word problems involving whole	measurement problems	Solves mathematical measurement problems	
4.MD.1 4.MD.2-1 4.MD.2-2	calculation of area and perimeter – including those in	numbers which include calculation of area and perimeter – when information	Solves mathematical	involving whole numbers using all four operations.  Solves mathematical	
	<ul><li>using all four operations.</li><li>Solves measurement word</li></ul>	about side lengths is provided – using all four operations.  Solves measurement word	measurement problems using addition, subtraction, and	measurement problems using addition and subtraction of simple fractions.	
	calculation of area and perimeter—including those in which <b>side lengths are missing</b> —		Records measurement equivalents in a two-column table.		
	multiplication of simple	using addition, subtraction, multiplication of simple fractions.	Uses knowledge of measurement units within one system to convert from larger		
	Records measurement	Records measurement	units to smaller units.		

		Grade 4 Math			
	The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 4 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations		vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
	1 ·	equivalents in a two-column table.		·	
	_	Uses knowledge of measurement units within one system to solve word problems.			
	real-world problems, and mathematical problems involving converting from larger	real-world problems and mathematical problems involving converting from larger			
	Represents measurement	units to smaller units.  Represents measurement			
		quantities using diagrams such as number line diagrams that feature a measurement scale.			
Represent	scale given the context.	Makes a line plot to display a	Makes a line plot to display a	Identifies a correct line plot that	
and Interpret Data 4.MD.4-1	data set of measurements in fractions of a unit with like denominators limited to 2, 4 and 8, (including mixed	data set of measurements in fractions of a unit with like denominators of 2 or 4 and uses addition and subtraction	data set of measurements in fractions of a unit with like denominators of 2 or 4.	displays a data set of measurements in fractions of a unit with like denominators of 2 or 4.	
4.MD.4-2	numbers) and uses addition and subtraction of fractions to solve problems involving information in the line plots and evaluates the solution in relation to the	involving information in the			
Geometric	data. Recognizes how angles are	Understands and applies	Understands and applies	Understands and identifies	
	formed and that angle	concepts of angle measurement.	concepts of angle measurement.	concepts of angle measurement.	
4.MD.6 4.MD.7	Understands and applies concepts of angle measurement recognizing that angles are measured in reference to a				
		Uses a protractor to measure and <b>sketch angles.</b>	Uses a protractor to measure angles.		
	Solves mathematical and real-	Solves mathematical and real- world problems by composing and decomposing angles.			
	Solves mathematical and real- world angle problems, including problems that require the use of equations with a symbol for				
Lines. Angles	the unknown angle measure.  Draws and identifies points,	<b>Draws</b> and identifies points,	Identifies points, lines, line	Identifies points, lines, line	
	lines, line segments, rays, angles	•		segments, rays, angles (right,	

		Grade 4 Math	: Sub-Claim B			
	The student solves problems	The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 4 with connections to the Standards for				
		Mathematic	cal Practice.			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets		
				Expectations		
4.G 1	(right, obtuse and acute),	(right, obtuse and acute),	obtuse and acute),	obtuse and acute),		
4.G.2	perpendicular lines, parallel	perpendicular lines, parallel	perpendicular lines, parallel	perpendicular lines, parallel		
4.G.3	lines, lines of symmetry and	lines, lines of symmetry and	lines, lines of symmetry and	lines, lines of symmetry and		
	right triangles, and use any of	right triangles, and use some of	right triangles, and use some of	right triangles.		
	these to classify or describe	these to classify <b>two-</b>	these to classify quadrilaterals			
	two-dimensional figures.	dimensional figures.	and triangles.			
Generate	Generates a number or shape	Generates a number or shape	Generates a number or shape	Identifies a number or shape		
and Analyze	pattern that follows a given rule	pattern that follows a given rule	pattern that follows a given	pattern that follows a given		
Patterns	and identifies apparent features	and identifies explicit features	rule.	rule.		
4.OA.5	of the pattern that were not	of the pattern.				
	explicit in the rule itself <b>and</b>					
	describes the rule for					
	generating the number or					
	shape pattern.					

		Grado 4 Mat	h: Sub-Claim C	
	In connection with content, the	e student expresses Grade 4 appr		ov constructing viable arguments
		soning of others and/or attending		
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations		Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets
			Expectations	Expectations
Properties o	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content
Operations	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities
4.C.1-1	described in Sub-claims A and	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,
4.C.1-2	B, the student clearly	the student clearly constructs	the student constructs and	the student constructs and
4.C.2	constructs and communicates	and communicates a complete	communicates a written	communicates an incomplete
4.C.3	a complete written response	written response based on	response based on	written response based on
	based on	explanations/reasoning using	explanations/reasoning using	explanations/reasoning using
	explanations/reasoning using	the:	the:	the:
	the:	<ul> <li>properties of operations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>properties of operations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>properties of operations</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>properties of operations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>relationship between</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>relationship between</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>relationship between</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>relationship between</li> </ul>	addition and subtraction	addition and subtraction	addition and subtraction
	addition and subtraction	<ul> <li>relationship between</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>relationship between</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>relationship between</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>relationship between</li> </ul>	multiplication and division	multiplication and division	multiplication and division
	multiplication and division	<ul> <li>identification of arithmetic</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>identification of arithmetic</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>identification of arithmetic</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>identification of arithmetic</li> </ul>	patterns	patterns	patterns
	patterns	Response may include:	Response may include:	Response may include:
	Response may include:	• a logical/defensible approach	<ul> <li>a logical approach based on a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>an approach based on a</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>a logical/defensible</li> </ul>	based on a conjecture and/or	conjecture and/or stated	conjecture and/or stated or
	approach based on a	stated assumptions, utilizing	assumptions	faulty assumptions
	conjecture and/or stated	mathematical connections	• a logical, but incomplete,	<ul> <li>an incomplete or illogical</li> </ul>
	assumptions, utilizing	(when appropriate)	progression of steps	progression of steps
	mathematical connections	<ul> <li>a logical progression of steps</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>minor calculation errors</li> </ul>	an intrusive calculation error
	(when appropriate)	precision of calculation	<ul> <li>some use of grade-level</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>limited use of grade-level</li> </ul>
	an efficient and logical	correct use of grade-level	vocabulary, symbols and	vocabulary, symbols and
	progression of steps with	vocabulary, symbols and	labels	labels
	appropriate justification	labels	<ul> <li>partial justification of a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>partial justification of a</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>precision of calculation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> </ul>	conclusion based on own	conclusion based on own
	<ul> <li>correct use of grade-level</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>evaluation of whether an</li> </ul>	calculations	calculations
	vocabulary, symbols and	argument or conclusion is	<ul> <li>evaluating the validity of</li> </ul>	
	labels	generalizable	other's responses,	
	• justification of a conclusion	<ul> <li>evaluating, interpreting and</li> </ul>	approaches and conclusions.	
	,	critiquing the validity of		

		e student expresses Grade 4 appr	th: Sub-Claim C opriate mathematical reasoning b to precision when making mathe	by constructing viable arguments,
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations		Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Concrete	<ul> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, reasonings, and approaches, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate). Provides a counter-example where applicable.</li> <li>In connection with the content</li> </ul>	other's responses, reasonings, and approaches, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate).  In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content
Referents and Diagrams 4.C.4-1 4.C.4-2 4.C.4-3 4.C.4-5 4.C.7-1 4.C.7-2 4.C.7-3 4.C.7-4	B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well-organized and complete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagramsincluding number lines (whether provided in the prompt or constructed by the student) and connecting the	described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a wellorganized and complete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagramsincluding number lines (whether provided in the prompt or constructed by the student) and connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include:  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)  • a logical progression of steps • precision of calculation  • correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  • justification of a conclusion  • evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable  • evaluating, interpreting, and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches, and reasoning.	described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates a complete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagramsincluding number lines (provided in the prompt) – connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include:	the student constructs and communicates an incomplete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagrams – including number lines (provided in the prompt) – connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include:  • a conjecture and/or stated or faulty assumptions  • an incomplete or illogical progression of steps  • an intrusive calculation error  • limited use of grade-level yocabulary, symbols and

knowledge, skills, and abilities Explanation/feasoning from that Reasoning and Explanation/feasoning corrected response by:  4.C.5-1 4.C.5-2 4.C.5-3 4.C.5-3 4.C.5-6 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-3 5.Fe student coarry communicates a well-organized and complete response by:  - presenting and defending solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning response may include:  - a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)  - an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification of precision of calculation  - correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  - justification of a conclusion is generalizable  - evaluating, interpreting and efferiting from evaluation, interpreting and efferiting from evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable  - verification of a conclusion is generalizable  - verif				h: Sub-Claim C	
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations   Level 4: Meets Expectations   In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B. described in Sub-cl					
State   Stat					
Distinguish Correct Explanation/ Gescribed in Sub-claims A and abilities Explanation/ Gescribed in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well-organized and complete response by:  4.C.5-1		Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations		
Explanation/ described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates and complete response by:  4.C.5-1  4.C.5-2  4.C.5-3  4.C.5-6  5. is garpropriately explanation/reasoning; if the argument  5. presenting and defending correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning or describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems presenting corrected response may include:  6. a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)  7. a nefficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification or precision of calculation  8. prospenting solutions to multi-step problems appropriately  9. presenting solutions to multi-step problems is garpropriately  9. presenting solutions to multi-step problems is garpropriately  9. distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning or describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning.  9. distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning or describing error	Distinguish	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	-	In connection with the content
Reasoning from that which is Flawed val.G.5-1 exponse by: presenting and defending solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately asigns appropriately explanation/reasoning; if there is a flaw in the argument procrected reasoning Response may include: a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification precision of calculation correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels pustlification of evaluating interpreting and efferalizable evaluating, interpreting and efferalizable evaluating, interpreting and efferalizable evaluating, interpreting and efferalizable evaluating interpreting and efferalizable evaluating interpreting and efferalizable evaluation of valid chains communicates a complete cresponse by:  presenting and defending solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning or describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning or describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately explorable in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately explorable in the form of valid chains of reasoning in the form of valid chains of reasoning and using sapropriately explorab	Correct	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities
constructs and communicates a well-organized and complete organized and complete response by:  - presenting and defending solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately signs appropriately - 4.C.6-1	Explanation/	described in Sub-claims A and	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,
which is Flawed response by: - presenting and defending solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately explanation/reasoning; or explanation/reasoning corrected reasoning mathematical connections (when appropriate justification precision of calculation precision of calculation precision of calculation precision of calculation evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable evaluating, interpreting and efending solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, signs appropriately solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed identifying and describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems or a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate justification or evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable evaluating, interpreting and efending solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning or describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning or describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed identifying and describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning fro	Reasoning	B, the student clearly	the student <b>clearly</b> constructs	the student constructs and	the student constructs and
response by:  - presenting and defending solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately 4.C.5-5  - 4.C.5-4 (a.C.5-5 (a.C.5-5 (a.C.5-5 (a.C.5-6	from that	constructs and communicates	and communicates <b>a well</b> -	communicates a <b>complete</b>	communicates an incomplete
<ul> <li>4.C.5-1</li> <li>presenting and defending solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately</li> <li>4.C.5-5</li> <li>4.C.5-6</li> <li>4.C.6-1</li> <li>4.C.6-2</li> <li>4.C.6-2</li> <li>4.C.6-3</li> <li>4.C.6-3</li> <li>4.C.6-4</li> <li>4.C.6-6</li> <li>explanation/reasoning; if there is a flaw in the argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>a logical approach based on a conclusion</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>evaluating of reasoning is proportiate)</li> <li>a lacel of the problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately</li> <li>distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed</li> <li>distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed</li> <li>identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning or describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems</li> <li>presenting addefending correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed</li> <li>identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning or describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems</li> <li>presenting corrected reasoning</li> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)</li> <li>a nefficient and logical progression of steps with appropriately</li> <li>distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed</li> <li>identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning</li> <li>response may include:</li> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)</li> <li>a nefficient and logical progression of steps with appropriately</li> <li>distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed</li> <li>identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning</li> <li>Response may include:</li> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated as</li></ul>	which is	a well-organized and complete	organized and complete	response by:	response by:
4.C.5-2 4.C.5-3 4.C.5-4 4.C.5-5 4.C.5-5 4.C.5-6 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-6 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-6 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-6 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-6 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-7 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-8 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-2 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-2 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-2 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-6 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-6 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-2 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-2 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-		response by:		<ul> <li>presenting solutions to multi-</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>presenting solutions to</li> </ul>
4.C.5-3 4.C.5-4 4.C.5-5 4.C.5-5 4.C.5-5 4.C.5-6 4.C.5-6 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-2 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-2 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-2 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-2 4.C.6-1 5.Evaluating explanation/reasoning; if there is a flaw in the argument engroyment explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning or describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems presenting corrected reasoning engroyment en		<ul> <li>presenting and defending</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>presenting and defending</li> </ul>	T	scaffolded two-step problems
4.C.5-4 4.C.5-5 4.C.5-6 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-2 4.C.6-2 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-3 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-1 5.Example of there is a flaw in the argument or conclusion of each conclusion of a conclusion evaluating mathematic or correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels 5.Example of the precision of a conclusion evaluating of other's responses. 5.Example of the precision of a conclusion evaluating of other's responses. 6.C.5-1 6.C.5-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-4 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-2 6.C.6-3 6.C.6-2 6.C.6		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	_	in the form of valid chains of
4.C.5-5 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-2 4.C.6-3 5. evaluating explanation/reasoning; if there is a flaw in the argument presenting and defending corrected reasoning Response may include:  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)  • an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification ercorect use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  • justification of a conclusion evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable  • evaluating, interpreting and signs appropriately distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed describing the flaw in reasoning or describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems to multi-step problems to multi-step problems presenting corrected reasoning  • distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed identifying an error in reasoning or describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems to multi-step problems presenting corrected reasoning Response may include:  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  • a logical approach based on ovidable progre		II	T	= -	reasoning, sometimes using
4.C.5-6 4.C.6-1 4.C.6-2 4.C.6-2 4.C.6-3  • evaluating explanation/reasoning; if there is a flaw in the argument • presenting and defending corrected reasoning Response may include: • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate) • an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification • precision of calculation • correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels • justification of a conclusion • evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable • evaluating  appropriately • distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning or describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems • describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems  presenting correcte explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning or describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems  presenting correcte reasoning Response may include:  a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  a logical, but incomplete, or greesion of steps minor calculation errors  some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations  evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable		_	<u> </u>		symbols such as equal signs
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<ul> <li>identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning or corrected reasoning</li> <li>Response may include:</li> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)</li> <li>an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>e valuation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>e valuating, interpreting and</li> <li>identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning or describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems</li> <li>presenting corrected reasoning</li> <li>presonse may include:</li> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions</li> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions</li> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions</li> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions</li> <li>a logical progression of steps</li> <li>minor calculation errors</li> <li>some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>precision of a conclusion</li> <li>precision of a conclusion</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>precision of a conclusion</li> <li>precision of a conclusion</li> <li>precision of a conclusion</li> <li>precision of a conclusion<th></th><th>_</th><th>-</th><th></th><th></th></li></ul>		_	-		
<ul> <li>presenting and defending corrected reasoning Response may include:</li> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)</li> <li>a n efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>e valuation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>presenting corrected reasoning</li> <li>n describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems</li> <li>presenting corrected reasoning</li> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions</li> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions</li> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)</li> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions</li> <li>a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps</li> <li>minor calculation errors</li> <li>some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion of the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions.</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting and</li> </ul>	4.C.6-3			_	_
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a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)  a nefficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification  precision of calculation  correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  justification of a conclusion  evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable  a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps  a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps  minor calculation errors  some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  partial justification of a conclusion of a conclusion of a conclusion based on own calculations  precision of a conclusion  correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  justification of a conclusion  evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable  a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps  minor calculation errors  some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  partial justification of a conclusion of a conclusion of a conclusion of a conclusion based on own calculations  evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions.				_	·
assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)  a nefficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification  precision of calculation  correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  justification of a conclusion  evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable  evaluating, interpreting and  evaluation of aconclusion subjects and logical progression of steps with a logical progression of steps with alogical progression of steps with as logical progression of steps with appropriate justification  correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps winor calculation errors (when appropriate)  a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps winor calculation errors osme use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  partial justification of a conclusion of a conclusion based on own calculations  evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable  a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps winor calculation errors  some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  partial justification of a conclusion of a conclusion of a conclusion of a conclusion based on own calculations  evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable		=	_		-
<ul> <li>mathematical connections (when appropriate)</li> <li>an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)</li> <li>a logical progression of steps</li> <li>mathematical connections (when appropriate)</li> <li>a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps</li> <li>minor calculation errors</li> <li>some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion of a conclusion of a conclusion based on own calculations</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting and</li> </ul>			=		
<ul> <li>(when appropriate)</li> <li>an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)</li> <li>a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps</li> <li>minor calculation errors</li> <li>some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion of a conclusion solulation</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion of a conclusion of a conclusion of a conclusion based on own calculations</li> <li>evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions.</li> </ul>		-	-		
<ul> <li>an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)</li> <li>progression of steps</li> <li>some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion solusion to a conclusion solusion based on own calculations</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion solusion to a conclusion solusion to a conclusion based on own calculations</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion to a conclusion solusion to a conclusion to a conclusion based on own calculations</li> <li>partial justification of other's responses.</li> <li>partial justification of other's responses.</li> </ul>					
progression of steps with appropriate justification precision of calculation precision of calculation correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels justification of a conclusion precision of a conclusion justification of a conclusion evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable  mathematical connections (when appropriate) a logical progression of steps precision of calculation correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels partial justification of a conclusion of a conclusion of a conclusion based on own calculations partial justification of a conclusion of a conclusion of a conclusion based on own calculations partial justification of a conclusion of other's responses.  evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions.			_	_	
<ul> <li>appropriate justification</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting and</li> <li>(when appropriate)</li> <li>a logical progression of steps</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>precision of calc</li></ul>		_	-		
<ul> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting and</li> <li>a logical progression of steps</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations</li> <li>evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions.</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting and</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations</li> <li>evaluating the validity of other's responses.</li> <li>evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions.</li> </ul>		· · · · · ·		_	
<ul> <li>vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting and</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion based on own calculations</li> <li>evaluating the validity of other's responses.</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations</li> <li>evaluating the validity of other's responses.</li> <li>approaches and conclusions.</li> </ul>		•			
labels  igustification of a conclusion evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable evaluating, interpreting and  vocabulary, symbols and labels conclusion based on own calculations evaluations evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions. approaches and conclusions.		_	_ <del>-</del>		
<ul> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting and</li> <li>labels</li> <li>justification of a conclusion of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>calculations</li> <li>evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions.</li> </ul>			•		other s responses.
<ul> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluation of a conclusion of the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions.</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting and</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>other's responses, approaches and conclusions.</li> </ul>		-			
generalizable argument or conclusion is approaches and conclusions.  • evaluating, interpreting and generalizable			-		
• evaluating, interpreting and generalizable		S		-	
evaluating, interpreting and			_		
I critiquing the validity of P evaluating, interpreting and I		critiquing the validity of	<ul> <li>evaluating, interpreting and</li> </ul>		
other's responses,  critiquing the validity of  critiquing the validity of					
approaches and reasoning, other's responses,					
and providing a counter- approaches and reasoning.					
example where applicable.					
example where applicables		example where applicable.			

#### Grade 4 Math: Sub-Claim D In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to Grade 4 by applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for Grade 4 (or for more complex problems, knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, looking for the making use of structure, and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning. **Level 4: Meets Expectations Level 2: Partially Meets Level 5: Exceeds Expectations Level 3: Approaches Expectations Expectations** Modeling In connection with the content 4.D.1 knowledge, skills, and abilities knowledge, skills, and abilities knowledge, skills, and abilities knowledge, skills, and abilities 4.D.2 described in Sub-claims A and B, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve applies mathematics to solve applies mathematics to solve applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real-world multi-step, real-world multi-step, real-world multi-step, real-world contextual word problems by: contextual word problems by: contextual word problems by: contextual word problems by: using stated assumptions or using stated assumptions or using stated assumptions and stated assumptions and making assumptions and making assumptions and approximations to simplify a approximations to simplify a real-world situation using approximations to using approximations to real-world situation simplify a real-world situation simplify a real-world situation illustrating relationships identifying important analyzing and/or creating mapping relationships between important quantities constraints, relationships and between important quantities by using provided using provided tools to create goals quantities by selecting tools to create models models mapping relationships appropriate tools to create analyzing relationships analyzing relationships between important quantities models mathematically **between** mathematically to draw by selecting appropriate tools analyzing relationships important quantities to draw conclusions to create models mathematically between conclusions writing an arithmetic analyzing relationships important quantities to draw interpreting mathematical expression or equation to mathematically between conclusions results in a simplified context describe a situation important quantities to draw interpreting mathematical reflecting on whether the conclusions results in the context of the results make sense justifying and defending situation modifying the model if it has models which lead to a reflecting on whether the not served its purpose conclusion results make sense writing an arithmetic interpreting mathematical modifying and/or improving expression or equation to results in the context of the the model if it has not served describe a situation situation its purpose reflecting on whether the writing an arithmetic expression or equation to results make sense describe a situation improving the model if it has

not served its purpose writing **a concise** arithmetic expression or equation to describe a situation

## **Grade 5 Mathematics Performance Level Descriptors**

	The etudest salvas		: Sub-Claim A	anda fan Mathamatia I D
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Es with connections to the Stand Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets  Expectations
Subtraction Operations with Decimals 5.NBT.7-1 5.NBT.7-2	to hundredths using concrete models, drawings or strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.  Applies this concept to a realworld context, and relates the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used.	based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.	Adds or subtracts (without regrouping) two decimals to hundredths using concrete models, drawings or strategies based on place value and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.	Adds or subtracts (without regrouping) two decimals to hundredths (both decimals presented with the same number of decimal places) using concrete models, drawings or strategies based on place value and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.
in Context with Fractions 5.NF.2-1 5.NF.2-2	addition and subtraction of fractions and mixed numbers referring to the same whole in cases of unlike denominators by	addition and subtraction of fractions and mixed numbers referring to the same whole in cases of unlike denominators		addition and subtraction of fractions using only
rs 5.NF.1-1 5.NF.1-2 5.NF.1-3 5.NF.1-4 5.NF.1-5 Multiplicatio n and	more fractions and adds and subtracts two mixed numbers with unlike denominators in such a way as to produce an equivalent sum or difference with like denominators.  Multiplies tenths by tenths or tenths by hundredths and	Adds and subtracts two fractions or mixed numbers with unlike denominators in such a way as to produce an equivalent sum or difference with like denominators.  Multiplies tenths by tenths or tenths by hundredths and divides in problems involving	or mixed numbers with unlike denominators using only fractions with denominators of 2, 4, 5 or 10 in such a way as to produce an equivalent sum or difference with like denominators.*  *below grade level.  Multiplies tenths by tenths and divides in problems involving	Adds or subtracts two fractions with unlike denominators using only fractions with denominators of 2, 4, 5 or 10 in such a way as to produce an equivalent sum or difference with like denominators.*  *below grade level.  Multiplies tenths by tenths in problems involving tenths using
Division Operations with Decimals 5.NBT.7-3 5.NBT.7-4 5.NBT.Int.1	tenths and/or hundredths using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.  Performs exact and approximate multiplications and divisions by mentally applying place value strategies	concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.	tenths using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.	concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.

			: Sub-Claim A	
	The student solves problems in Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	volving Major Content for Grade  Level 4: Meets Expectations	5 with connections to the Stand Level 3: Approaches Expectations	ards for Mathematical Practice.  Level 2: Partially Meets  Expectations
	Relates the strategy to a written method.			
Multiply with Whole Numbers 5.NBT.5 5.Int.1 5.Int.2	Solves two-step unscaffolded word problems involving multiplication and multiplies four-digit by two-digit whole numbers using the standard algorithm.	word problems involving multiplication <b>of a three-digit</b>	Solves one-step word problems involving multiplication of a three-digit by a one-digit whole number.	Solves one-step word problems involving multiplication.
	when appropriate.  Accurately multiplies multi-digit whole numbers using the standard algorithm and assesses reasonableness of the product.	standard algorithm.	numbers using the standard algorithm with limited accuracy.	
Quotients	Divides whole numbers up to	•	<b>Divides</b> whole numbers up to	Correctly identifies the quotient
and Dividends 5.NBT.6	four-digit dividends and two- digit divisors using strategies based on place value, the properties of operations and/or the relationship between multiplication and division.  Illustrates and explains the calculations by using equations, rectangular arrays, and area models.	digit divisors which are multiples of ten using strategies based on place value, the properties of operations and/or the relationship between multiplication and division.	three-digit dividends and one- digit divisors which are multiples of ten using strategies based on place value, the properties of operations and/or the relationship between multiplication and division.	of whole numbers up to three- digit dividends and one-digit divisors which are multiples of ten.
	Checks reasonableness of answers by using multiplication or estimation.			
Multiplying and Dividing with Fractions 5.NF.4a-1 5.NF.4b-1 5.NF.6-1 5.NF.6-2 5.NF.7a 5.NF.7c	Describes a model to represent and/or solve real-world problems, by multiplying a mixed number by a fraction, a fraction by a fraction and a whole number by a fraction;	number by a fraction and divides a fraction by a whole number – or whole number by a fraction – using visual fraction models and creating context for the mathematics, including	number by a fraction and divide a fraction by a whole number or whole number by a fraction using visual fraction models.	Multiplies a fraction or a whole number by a fraction using visual fraction models.

	Grade 5 Math : Sub-Claim A				
	The student solves problems in		de 5 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.		
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
Interpreting Fractions 5.NF.3-1 5.NF.3-2	leading to answers in the form of fractions or mixed numbers.	division of whole numbers leading to answers in the form of fractions or mixed numbers.	Solves word problems involving division of whole numbers leading to answers in the form of fractions or mixed numbers by using manipulatives or visual	Solves word problems involving division of whole numbers leading to answers in the form of fractions by using manipulatives or visual models	
	division of the numerator by the	division of the numerator by	models to identify between which two whole numbers the answer lies.	to identify between which two whole numbers the answer lies.	
	representing the situation.  Describes a model to represent the situation.				
Recognizing		Recognizes volume as an	Recognizes volume as an	Recognizes volume as an	
Volume	_	=	attribute of solid figures <b>and</b>	attribute of solid figures.	
5.MD.3	understands volume is	_	with a visual model	_	
5.MD.4	=		understands that volume is		
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		measured using cubic units and		
	-	counting them.	can be found by packing a solid figure with unit cubes and counting them.		
	Represents the volume of a solid figure as "n" cubic units. Writes an equation that				
	illustrates the unit cube pattern.				
Finding		′	Given a visual model <b>and the</b>	Given a visual model, solves	
Volume	mathematical problems by		formulas for finding volume,	volume problems by counting	
5.MD.5b		, , , , ,	solves real-world and	unit cubes.	
5.MD.5c	volume, relating volume to the operations of multiplication and		mathematical problems by applying the formulas for		
	1 -		volume ( $V = I \times w \times h$ and $V = B$		
		_ ·	$\times h$ ).		
		additive by finding the volume	,.		
	_	of solid figures of two non-			
	parts.	overlapping parts.			
Read, Write	•		Reads, writes and compares	Identifies the correct	
and	, , ,		decimals to the hundredths	comparison of decimals to the	
Compare		using numerals, number names,		hundredths using numerals,	
Decimals	1			number names, expanded form	
5.NBT.3a			<, =), and rounds to any place	and symbols (>, <, =).	
5.NBT.3b 5.NBT.4	chooses appropriate context given a rounded number.		with scaffolding.		
Place Value		In any multi-digit number,	In any multi-digit number,	In any multi-digit number,	
5.NBT.1		_	recognizes a digit in one place	recognizes a digit in one place	
5.NBT.2-2			represents 10 times as much as	represents 10 times as much as	
	1 .	I -	it represents in the place to its	it represents in the place to its	
		right or 1/10 of what it	right or 1/10 of what it	right by using manipulatives or	
		represents in the place to its left	=	visual models.	
	1	•	left by using manipulatives or		
	1 · ·	exponents to denote powers of	visual models.		
	10 and <b>uses symbols to</b>	10.			

			: Sub-Claim A				
	•	The student solves problems involving Major Content for Grade 5 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.					
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets			
			Expectations	Expectations			
	compare two powers of 10						
	expressed exponentially						
	(compare 10² to 10⁵).						
Multiplicatio	Interprets multiplication scaling	Interprets multiplication scaling	Interprets multiplication scaling	Identifies multiplication scaling			
n Scaling	by comparing the size of the	by comparing the size of a	by comparing the size of a	by comparing the size of a			
5.NF.5a	product to the size of one factor	product to the size of one factor	product to the size of one factor	product to the size of one factor			
	on the basis of the size of the	on the basis of the size of the	on the basis of the size of the	on the basis of the size of the			
	second factor without	second factor without	second factor by performing the	second factor by performing the			
	performing the indicated	performing the indicated	indicated multiplication where	indicated multiplication where			
	multiplication, focusing on one	multiplication where one factor	one factor is a fraction less than	one factor is a fraction less than			
	factor being a fraction greater	is a fraction less than one.	one using manipulatives or	one using manipulatives or			
	than or less than one.		visual models.	visual models.			
Write and	Uses parentheses, brackets, or	Uses parentheses, brackets, or	Uses parentheses, brackets, or	Uses parentheses to write			
Interpret	braces with no greater depth	braces to write numerical	<b>braces</b> to write simple	simple numerical expressions.			
Numerical	than two, to write and evaluate	expressions.	numerical expressions.				
Expressions	numerical expressions.						
5.OA.1							
5.OA.2-1	Interprets numerical	Interprets simple numerical					
5.OA.2-2	expressions without evaluating	expressions without evaluating					
	them.	them.					

	Grade 5 Math: Sub-Claim B  The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 5 with connections to the Standards for  Mathematical Practice.			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
on the Coordinate	mathematical problems by locating and graphing points in	Represents real-world and mathematical problems by locating <b>and</b> graphing points in the first quadrant of a coordinate plane.	Represents real-world and mathematical problems by locating <b>or graphing</b> points in the first quadrant of a coordinate plane.	Represents real-world mathematical problems by locating points in the first quadrant of a coordinate plane
Two- Dimensiona	figures in a hierarchy based on	Classifies two-dimensional figures in a <b>hierarchy</b> based on properties.	Classifies two-dimensional figures based on properties. Understands that shared	Identifies two-dimensional figures based on properties.
5.G.3 5.G.4		Understands that shared attributes categorize two-dimensional figures.	attributes categorize two- dimensional figures.	
	Uses appropriate tools to determine similarities and differences between categories and subcategories.			
	Converts among different-sized standard measurement units	Converts among different-sized standard measurement units	<b>Converts</b> among different-sized standard measurement units	Identifies the correct conversio among different-sized standard
5.MD.1-1 5.MD.1-2	within a given measurement system and uses these conversions to solve real-world,	within a given measurement system <b>and uses these</b>	within a given measurement units within a given measurement system and solves single-step problems by using manipulatives or visual models.	units within a given measurement system.

	Grade 5 Math: Sub-Claim B  The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 5 with connections to the Standards for  Mathematical Practice.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
	Chooses the appropriate measurement unit based on the given context.				
Data Displays 5.MD.2-2			with like denominators of 2 <b>and</b> <b>4</b> to solve problems involving	Uses operations on fractions with like denominators of 2 to solve problems involving information in line plots.	

	In connection with conten	Grade 5 Math: Sub-Claim C In connection with content, the student expresses Grade 5 appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable			
	arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
<b>Properties of</b>				In connection with the content	
Operations		knowledge, skills, and abilities		knowledge, skills, and abilities	
5.C.1-1	described in Sub-claims A and	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	
5.C.1-2	B, the student constructs and	the student constructs and	the student constructs and	the student constructs and	
5.C.1-3	communicates a well-organized	communicates a well-organized	communicates a complete	communicates an incomplete	
5.C.2-1	and complete written response	and complete written response	written response based on	written response based on	
5.C.2-2	based on	based on	explanations/reasoning using:	explanations/reasoning using:	
5.C.2-3	explanations/reasoning using:	explanations/reasoning using:	<ul> <li>properties of operations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>properties of operations</li> </ul>	
5.C.2-4	<ul> <li>properties of operations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>properties of operations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>relationship between</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>relationship between addition</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>relationship between addition</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>relationship between</li> </ul>	addition and subtraction	and subtraction	
	and subtraction	addition and subtraction	<ul> <li>relationship between</li> </ul>	relationship between	
	<ul> <li>relationship between</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>relationship between</li> </ul>	multiplication and division	multiplication and division	
	multiplication and division	multiplication and division	Response may include:	Response may include:	
	•	Response may include:	a logical approach based on	an approach based on a	
	<ul> <li>a logical/defensible approach based on a conjecture and/or</li> </ul>	The state of the s		conjecture and/or stated or faulty assumptions	
	stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections	stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)	<ul> <li>a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>an incomplete or illogical progression of steps</li> </ul>	
	(when appropriate)		<ul> <li>minor calculation errors</li> </ul>	an intrusive calculation error	
	<ul> <li>an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification</li> </ul>	<ul><li>a logical progression of steps</li><li>precision of calculation</li><li>correct use of grade-level</li></ul>	<ul> <li>some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> </ul>	
	<ul><li>precision of calculation</li><li>correct use of grade-level</li></ul>	vocabulary, symbols and labels	<ul> <li>partial justification of a conclusion based on own</li> </ul>	partial justification of a conclusion based on own	
	vocabulary, symbols and	<ul> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> </ul>	calculations	calculations	
	labels	<ul> <li>evaluation of whether an</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>evaluating the validity of</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> </ul>	argument or conclusion is	other's responses,		
	<ul> <li>evaluation of whether an</li> </ul>	generalizable	approaches and conclusions.		
	argument or conclusion is	<ul> <li>evaluating, interpreting and</li> </ul>			
	generalizable	critiquing the validity of			
	<ul> <li>evaluating, interpreting and</li> </ul>	other's responses,			
	critiquing the validity of	reasonings, and approaches,			
	other's responses,	utilizing mathematical			
	reasonings, and approaches,	connections (when			
	utilizing mathematical	appropriate).			

	Grade 5 Math: Sub-Claim C				
			appropriate mathematical reasonding to precision when making r		
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
	connections (when appropriate). Provides a counter-example where applicable.		·	·	
Place Value 5.C.3	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well-organized and complete response based on place value	knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well-organized and complete response based on place value system including:	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates a complete response based on place value system including:  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  • a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps  • minor calculation errors  • some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  • partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations  • evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions.	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete response based on place value system which may include:  • an approach based on a conjecture and/or stated or faulty assumptions  • an incomplete or illogical progression of steps  • an intrusive calculation error  • limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  • partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations	
Concrete Referents and Diagrams 5.C.4-1 5.C.4-2 5.C.4-3 5.C.4-4 5.C.5-1 5.C.5-2 5.C.5-3 5.C.6	knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well-organized and complete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagramsincluding number lines (whether provided in the prompt or constructed by the	knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a wellorganized and complete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagramsincluding number lines (whether provided in the prompt or constructed by the student) and connecting the	the student constructs and communicates a complete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagramsincluding number lines (provided in the prompt) – connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include:	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete response based on operations using concrete referents such as diagrams – including number lines (provided in the prompt) – connecting the diagrams to a written (symbolic) method, which may include:  • a conjecture and/or stated or faulty assumptions • an incomplete or illogical progression of steps	

	Grade 5 Math: Sub-Claim C  In connection with content, the student expresses Grade 5 appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
	mathematical connections (when appropriate)  an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification  precision of calculation  correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  justification of a conclusion  evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable  evaluating, interpreting, and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches, and reasoning, and providing a counterexample where applicable	mathematical connections (when appropriate)  a logical progression of steps  precision of calculation  correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  justification of a conclusion  evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable  evaluating, interpreting, and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches, and reasoning.	<ul> <li>minor calculation errors</li> <li>some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations.</li> <li>evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> <li>partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations</li> <li>accepting the validity of other's responses</li> </ul>	
Reasoning from that	described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a well-organized and complete response by:  • analyzing and defending solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately  • evaluating explanation/reasoning if there is a flaw in the argument  • presenting and defending	described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a wellorganized and complete response by:  analyzing and defending solutions to multi-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately  distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed  identifying and describing the	described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates a complete response by:  • analyzing solutions to multistep problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, using symbols such as equal signs appropriately  • distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed  • identifying and describing the flaw in reasoning or describing errors in	the student constructs and communicates an incomplete response by:  • analyzing solutions to scaffolded two-step problems in the form of valid chains of reasoning, sometimes using symbols such as equal signs appropriately  • distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed  • identifying an error in reasoning	
	corrected reasoning Response may include:  a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)  an efficient and logical progression of steps with appropriate justification  precision of calculation  correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels	flaw in reasoning or describing errors in solutions to multi-step problems  • presenting corrected reasoning  Response may include:  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions, utilizing mathematical connections (when appropriate)  • a logical progression of steps  • precision of calculation  • correct use of grade-level	<ul> <li>assumptions</li> <li>a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps</li> <li>minor calculation errors</li> </ul>	Response may include:  a conjecture based on faulty assumptions  an incomplete or illogical progression of steps  an intrusive calculation error  limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations  accepting the validity of other's responses	

	Grade 5 Math: Sub-Claim C In connection with content, the student expresses Grade 5 appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.		
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
<ul> <li>justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches and reasoning, and providing a counterexample where applicable</li> </ul>	vocabulary, symbols and labels  • justification of a conclusion  • evaluation of whether an argument or conclusion is generalizable  • evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches and reasoning	<ul> <li>partial justification of a conclusion based on own calculations</li> <li>evaluating the validity of other's responses, approaches and conclusions.</li> </ul>	

	knowledge and skills articulated the standards for previous gra problems and persevering to sol the making use	student solves real-world probled in the standards for Grade 5 (or des/courses), engaging particulate them, reasoning abstractly, are of structure and/or looking for a	and expressing regularity in repea	owledge and skills articulated in where helpful making sense of ate tools strategically, looking for ated reasoning.
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Modeling 5.D.1 5.D.2	knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real-world	knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real-world contextual word problems by:  using stated assumptions or making assumptions to simplify a real-world situation  mapping relationships	the student devises a plan and applies mathematics to solve multi-step, real-world contextual word problems by:  • using stated assumptions and approximations to simplify a real-world situation  • illustrating relationships between important quantities by using provided tools to create models  • analyzing relationships mathematically between important quantities to draw conclusions  • interpreting mathematical results in a simplified context  • reflecting on whether the results make sense  • modifying the model if it has not served its purpose  • writing an arithmetic expression or equation to	writing an arithmetic expression or equation to

	Grade 5 Math: Sub-Claim D  In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to Grade 5 by applying			
	knowledge and skills articulated	in the standards for Grade 5 (or	for more complex problems, kno	owledge and skills articulated in
	the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly, and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, looking for			
	_		and expressing regularity in repea	
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets
			Expectations	Expectations
	<ul> <li>improving the model if it has not served its purpose</li> <li>writing a concise arithmetic expression or equation to</li> </ul>			

describe a situation

## **Grade 6 Mathematics Performance Level Descriptors**

	Grade 6 Math: Sub-Claim A				
			6 with connections to the Standa		
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	evel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
Multiplying and Dividing with Fractions 6.NS.1-2	Solves word problems involving division of fractions by fractions.	Divides fractions with unlike denominators and solves word problems with prompting embedded within the problem.	Divides fractions with common denominators and solves word problems with prompting embedded within the problem.	Divides fractions with common denominators.	
Ratios	Uses ratio and rate reasoning	Uses ratio and rate reasoning to	Uses ratio and rate reasoning	Solves problems including ratio,	
6.RP.1 6.RP.2 6.RP.3a 6.RP.3b 6.RP.3c-1 6.RP.3c-2 6.RP.3d	to solve real-world and mathematical problems, including ratio, unit rate, percent and unit conversion problems.  Uses and connects a variety of	solve <b>real-world</b> and mathematical problems, including ratio, unit rate, percent and unit conversion problems using a limited variety of representations and	to solve mathematical problems, including ratio, unit rate, percent and unit conversion problems using a	unit rate, percent and unit conversion problems using a limited variety of representations and strategies.	
	representations and strategies				
	and plots values on the	Finds missing values in tables and locates <b>and</b> plots values on the coordinate plane.	Finds missing values in tables and locates or plots values on the coordinate plane.		
Rational		Understands that positive and	Understands that positive and	Understands that positive and	
Numbers 6.NS.5 6.NS.6a 6.NS.6b-1 6.NS.6b-2 6.NS.6c-1 6.NS.6c-2 6.NS.7a	number line and compared	negative numbers describe mathematical or real-world quantities which have opposite values or directions and can be represented on a number line and compared with or without the use of a number line.	negative numbers describe mathematical or real-world quantities which have opposite values or directions and can be represented on a number line.	negative numbers describe mathematical or real-world quantities which have opposite values or directions and can be represented on a number line.	
6.NS.7b		<b>Understands</b> the absolute value	Determines the absolute value	Determines the absolute value	
6.NS.7c-1 6.NS.7c-2 6.NS.7d	Understands <b>and interprets</b> the absolute value of a rational number.	of a rational number.	of a rational number.	of a rational number.	
6.NS.8	Plots ordered pairs on a	Plots ordered pairs on a coordinate plane to solve <b>real-world and</b> mathematical problems.	Locates or plots ordered pairs on a coordinate plane to solve mathematical problems.		
	Understands (or recognizes) that when two ordered pairs differ only by signs, the locations of the points are related by reflections across one or both axes.				
	Distinguishes comparisons of absolute value from statements about order.				
Expressions	Writes, reads and evaluates		Reads numerical and algebraic		
and	numerical and algebraic	and algebraic expressions,	expressions including those		

			n: Sub-Claim A	
			6 with connections to the Standa	
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	evel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Inequalities	expressions, including those	including those that contain	that contain whole number	
6.EE.1-1	that contain whole number	whole number exponents.	exponents.	
6.EE.1-2	exponents.			
6.EE.2a		Writes numerical expressions		
6.EE.2b		and some algebraic		
6.EE.2c-1		expressions, including those		
6.EE.2c-2		that contain whole number		Identifies parts of an algebraic
6.EE.4	Identifies parts of algebraic	exponents.	Identifies parts of algebraic <b>and</b>	or numerical expression using
	and numerical expressions		numerical expressions using	mathematical terms.
	using mathematical terms <b>and</b>	Identifies parts of algebraic and	mathematical terms.	
	views one or more parts of an	numerical expressions using		
	expression as a single entity.	mathematical terms.		
	Identifies equivalent	ldentifies equivalent		
	expressions using properties	expressions using properties of		
	of operations.	operations.		
Equations	Uses variables to represent	Uses variables to represent	Uses variables to represent	Uses variables to represent
and	numbers and writes		numbers and writes expressions	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Inequalities	expressions and single-step	and single-step equations to	-	without exponents, and single-
6.EE.5-1	_ ·	solve <b>real-world</b> or	-	step equations to solve
6.EE.5-2	and mathematical problems	mathematical problems.	mathematical problems.	mathematical problems
6.EE.6	and understand their	р	F	р. осто
6.EE.7	solutions.			
6.EE.8		Relates tables and graphs to the	Relates tables and graphs to	
6.EE.9	Expresses a relationship	equations.	the equations.	
0.11.0	between dependent and			
	independent variables and			
	1 · · ·	Writes and graphs inequalities	Graphs inequalities to	
		to represent a constraint or	represent a constraint or	
	equations.	condition in a <b>real-world</b> or	condition in a mathematical	
	Writes and graphs inequalities	mathematical problem.	problem.	
	to represent a constraint or			
	condition in a real-world or			
	mathematical problem.			
	Understands that there are an			
	infinite number of solutions			
	for an inequality.			

	Grade 6 Math: Sub-Claim B  The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 6 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
<b>Multiples</b> 6.NS.4-1 6.NS.4-2	and least common multiples. Uses the distributive property to express a sum of two whole numbers 1-100 with a common factor as a multiple of a sum of two whole numbers with no	and least common multiples.	factors <b>and</b> least common multiples.	Identifies greatest common factors or least common multiples.	

			n: Sub-Claim B	
	The student solves problems		ting Content for Grade 6 with con cal Practice.	nections to the Standards for
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations		vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Geometry 6.G.1 6.G.2-1 6.G.2-2 6.G.3 6.G.4	mathematical problems involving area of polygons by composing into rectangles or decomposing into triangles and	Solves <b>real-world</b> and mathematical problems involving area of polygons by either composing into rectangles or decomposing into triangles and other shapes.	Solves mathematical problems involving area of polygons by either composing into rectangles or decomposing into triangles and other shapes.	Solves mathematical problems involving area of polygons by composing into rectangles.
	polygons in the coordinate	Determines measurements of polygons in the coordinate plane.	Determines measurements of polygons in the coordinate plane.	
	three-dimensional figures to	<b>Determines</b> and uses nets of three-dimensional figures to find surface area.	Uses nets of three-dimensional figures to find surface area.  Determines volume of right	
	rectangular prisms with fractional edge lengths by packing them with unit cubes	Determines volume of right rectangular prisms with fractional edge lengths by packing them with unit cubes and using formulas.	rectangular prisms with fractional edge lengths by packing them with unit cubes and using formulas.	
	Uses volume formulas to find unknown measurements.			
	Understands the concepts of area and volume to solve unscaffolded problems.			
Statistics and Probability 6.SP.1 6.SP.2 6.SP.3	collected data has a distribution which can be described by its center, spread and overall	and understands that a set of	question and understands that a set of collected data has a distribution which can be	Understands that a set of collected data has a distribution which can be described by its center, spread and overall shape.
6.SP.4 6.SP.5	center and variability and that it can be summarized with a	Understands the purpose of center and that it can be summarized with a single number.	Understands the purpose of center and that it can be summarized with a single number.	Understands that the center of a set of data can be summarized with a single number.
	<b>Displays</b> numerical data in plots on a number line, including dot plots, histograms and box plots, and <b>determines which display</b> is the most appropriate.			
	Summarizes numerical data sets in relation to their context, such as by reporting the number of observations, describing the nature of the attributes under investigation and using measures of center			

	Grade 6 Math: Sub-Claim B				
	The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 6 with connections to the Standards for				
	·		cal Practice.		
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets	
				Expectations	
	and variability.				
	Determines which measures of				
	center and variability are the				
	most appropriate for a set of				
	data.				
Operations	Solves <b>two</b> -step word problems	Solves one-step <b>word</b> problems	Solves one-step problems by	Solves one-step problems with	
with Multi-	and other problems by dividing	and other problems with some	dividing multi-digit numbers	limited accuracy by dividing	
Digit	multi-digit numbers and adding,	level of accuracy by dividing	and adding, subtracting,	multi-digit numbers and adding,	
Numbers	subtracting, multiplying and	multi-digit numbers and adding,	multiplying and dividing multi-	subtracting, multiplying and	
6.NS.2	dividing multi-digit decimals	subtracting, multiplying and	digit decimals.	dividing multi-digit decimals.	
6.NS.3-1	and assesses reasonableness of	dividing multi-digit decimals.			
6.NS.3-2	the result using different				
6.NS.3-3	methods.				
6.NS.3-4					
6.Int.1					

			ub-Claim C			
		In connection with content, the student expresses Grade 6 appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable				
	arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.					
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets		
				Expectations		
Properties	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content		
of	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities		
Operations	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,		
6.C.1.1	the student clearly constructs	the student <b>clearly</b> constructs	the student constructs and	the student constructs and		
6.C.2	and communicates a complete	and communicates a complete	communicates a <b>complete</b>	communicates an incomplete		
	response based on the	response based on the	response based on the	response based on the		
	properties of operations and	properties of operations and	properties of operations and	properties of operations and		
	the relationship between	the relationship between	the relationship between	the relationship between		
	addition and subtraction or	addition and subtraction or	addition and subtraction or	addition and subtraction or		
	·	between multiplication and	between multiplication and	between multiplication and		
	division, including:	division, including:	division, including:	division, which may include:		
	<ul> <li>a logical approach based on a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a logical approach based on a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a logical approach based on a</li> </ul>	a faulty approach based on a		
	conjecture and/or stated	conjecture and/or stated	conjecture and/or stated	conjecture and/or stated		
	assumptions	assumptions	assumptions	assumptions		
	<ul> <li>a logical and complete</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a logical and complete</li> </ul>	• a logical, but incomplete,	<ul> <li>an incomplete or illogical</li> </ul>		
	progression of steps	progression of steps	progression of steps	progression of steps		
	<ul> <li>precision of calculation</li> </ul>	• precision of calculation	<ul> <li>minor calculation errors</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>major calculation errors</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>correct use of grade-level</li> </ul>	• correct use of grade-level	• some use of grade-level	<ul> <li>limited use of grade-level</li> </ul>		
	vocabulary, symbols and	vocabulary, symbols and	vocabulary, symbols and	vocabulary, symbols and		
	labels	labels	labels	labels		
	<ul> <li>complete justification of a</li> </ul>	• complete justification of a	<ul> <li>partial justification of a</li> </ul>	partial justification of a		
	conclusion	conclusion	conclusion	conclusion		
	generalization of an	<ul> <li>evaluating, interpreting and</li> </ul>	evaluating the validity of			
	argument or conclusion	critiquing the validity of	other's approaches and			
	<ul> <li>evaluating, interpreting, and</li> </ul>	other's responses,	conclusions.			
	critiquing the validity and	approaches and reasoning.				
	efficiency of other's					
	responses, approaches and					
	reasoning, and <b>providing</b>					

	Grade 6: Sub-Claim C  In connection with content, the student expresses Grade 6 appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations		vel 3: Approaches Expectations	
	counter-examples where applicable.			
Concrete Referents and Diagrams 6.C.3 6.C.4 6.C.5	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete response based on concrete referents provided in the prompt or constructed by the student such as: diagrams that are connected to a written (symbolic) method, number line diagrams or coordinate plane diagrams, including:  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  • a logical and complete progression of steps  • precision of calculation  • correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols, labels  • complete justification of a conclusion  • generalization of an argument or conclusion  • evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity and efficiency of other's responses, approaches and reasoning, and provides a counter-example where applicable.	knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete response based on concrete referents provided in the prompt or constructed by the student such as: diagrams that are connected to a written (symbolic) method, number line diagrams or coordinate plane diagrams, including:  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  • a logical and complete progression of steps  • precision of calculation  • correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  • complete justification of a conclusion  • evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches and reasoning	knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates a complete response based on concrete referents provided in the prompt or in simple cases, constructed by the student such as: diagrams that are connected to a written (symbolic) method, number line diagrams or coordinate	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete response based on concrete referents provided in the prompt such as: diagrams, number line diagrams or coordinate plane diagrams, which may include:  • a faulty approach based on a conjecture and/or stated or faulty assumptions  • an incomplete or illogical progression of steps  • major calculation errors  • limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels  • partial justification of a conclusion
Correct Explanation/ Reasoning from that which is Flawed	described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete response to a given equation,	described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete response to a given equation,	the student constructs and communicates a <b>complete</b> response to a given equation,	knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete response to a given equation, multi-step problem, proposition
6.C.6 6.C.7 6.C.8.1 6.C.8.2 6.C.9	<ul> <li>or conjecture, including:</li> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions</li> <li>a logical and complete progression of steps</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>or conjecture, including:</li> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions</li> <li>a logical and complete progression of steps</li> </ul>	or conjecture, including:  • a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions  • a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps	<ul> <li>or conjecture, including:</li> <li>an approach based on a conjecture and/or stated or faulty assumptions</li> <li>an incomplete or illogical progression of steps</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>precision of calculation</li> <li>correct use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>minor calculation errors</li> <li>some use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>major calculation errors</li> <li>limited use of grade-level vocabulary, symbols and labels</li> </ul>

Grade 6: Sub-Claim C  In connection with content, the student expresses Grade 6 appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.			
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	vel 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
<ul> <li>complete justification of a conclusion</li> <li>generalization of an argument or conclusion</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity and efficiency of other's responses, approaches and reasoning, and providing a counter-example where applicable.</li> <li>identifying and describing errors in solutions and presents correct solutions.</li> <li>distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed. If there is a flaw, presents correct reasoning.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>complete justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches and reasoning.</li> <li>identifying and describing error in solutions and presents correct solutions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>partial justification of a conclusion</li> <li>evaluating the validity of other's approaches and conclusion.</li> <li>identifying and describing errors in solutions.</li> </ul>	partial justification of a conclusion

	Grade 6: Sub-Claim D					
	In connection with content, the	In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to Grade 6 by applying				
	knowledge and skills articulated	d in the standards for Grade 6 (or	for more complex problems, kno	owledge and skills articulated in		
	the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of					
	problems and persevering to se	problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly, and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, making				
	use of structure and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning.					
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets		
			Expectations	Expectations		
Modeling	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content		
6.D.1	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities		
6.D.2	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,		
6.D.3	the student <b>d</b> evises a plan to	the student devises a plan to	the student devises a plan to	the student devises a plan to		
	apply mathematics in solving	apply mathematics in solving	apply mathematics in solving	apply mathematics in solving		
	problems arising in everyday	problems arising in everyday	problems arising in everyday	problems arising in everyday		
	life, society and the workplace	life, society and the workplace	life, society and the workplace	life, society and the workplace		
	by:	by:	by:	by:		
	<ul> <li>using stated assumptions and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>using stated assumptions and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>using stated assumptions and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>using stated assumptions</li> </ul>		
	making assumptions and	making assumptions and	approximations to simplify a	and approximations to		
	approximations to simplify a	approximations to simplify a	real-world situation	simplify a real-world		
	real-world situation	real-world situation	• illustrating relationships	situation		
	<ul> <li>mapping relationships</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>mapping relationships</li> </ul>	between important quantities	<ul> <li>identifying important</li> </ul>		
	between important	between important quantities	by using provided tools to	quantities by using provided		
	quantities by selecting	by selecting appropriate	create models	tools to create models		
	appropriate tools to create	tools to create models	<ul> <li>analyzing relationships</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>analyzing relationships</li> </ul>		
	models	<ul> <li>analyzing relationships</li> </ul>	mathematically <b>between</b>	mathematically to draw		
	<ul> <li>analyzing relationships</li> </ul>	mathematically between	important quantities to draw	conclusions		
	mathematically between	important quantities to draw	conclusions	<ul> <li>writing an incomplete</li> </ul>		
	important quantities to draw	conclusions	<ul> <li>writing an incomplete</li> </ul>	algebraic expression or		
	conclusions	• writing a complete, clear, and	algebraic expression or	equation to describe a		
	• writing a complete, clear and	correct algebraic expression	equation to describe a	situation		
	correct algebraic expression		situation			

## **Grade 6: Sub-Claim D**

In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to Grade 6 by applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for Grade 6 (or for more complex problems, knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of

	problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly, and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, making use of structure and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning.			
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
or equation to describe a situation  • applying proportional reasoning  • writing/using functions to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another  • using reasonable estimates or known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity  • reflecting on whether the results make sense  • improving the model if it has not served its purpose  • interpreting mathematical results in the context of the situation  • analyzing and/or creating limitations, relationships and interpreting goals within the model  • analyzing, justifying and defending models which lead to a conclusion	interest depends on another • using reasonable estimates of		estimates of known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity	

## **Grade 7 Mathematics Performance Level Descriptors**

	Grade 7 Math: Sub-Claim A  The student solves problems involving Major Content for Grade 7 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practi			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets
	including multi-step ratio/percent problems.  Computes unit rates of quantities associated with ratios of fractions.  Decides whether two quantities are in a proportional relationship and identifies the constant of proportionality (unit rate) in tables, equations, diagrams, verbal descriptions and graphs.  Interprets a point (x, y) on the graph of a proportional relationship in terms of the situation, with special attention to the points (0, 0) and (1, r) where r is the unit rate.  Represents proportional relationships by equations and uses them to solve mathematical and real-world problems, including multi-step ratio and percent problems.  Determines when it is appropriate to use unit rates	relationships to solve real-world and mathematical problems, including simple ratio/percent problems.  Computes unit rates of quantities associated with ratios of fractions.  Decides whether two quantities are in a proportional relationship and identifies the constant of proportionality (unit rate) in tables, equations, diagrams, verbal descriptions and graphs.  Interprets a point (x, y) on the graph of a proportional relationship in terms of the situation, with special	to solve real-world and mathematical problems, including simple ratio/percent problems.  Computes unit rates of quantities associated with ratios of fractions.  Decides whether two quantities are in a proportional relationship and identifies the constant of proportionality (unit rate) in tables, equations, diagrams, verbal descriptions and graphs.  Uses equations representing a proportional relationship to solve mathematical and real-world problems, including ratio and percent problems.	
Operations with Fractions 7.NS.1a	_	and negative rational numbers in <b>multi-step</b> mathematical and	Performs operations on positive and negative rational numbers in mathematical and real-world problems.	and negative rational numbers in mathematical problems.
7.NS.1b-1 7.NS.1b-2 7.NS.1c-1 7.NS.1d 7.NS.2a-1 7.NS.2a-2 7.NS.2b-1	subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line and recognizes situations in which	subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line and recognizes situations in which opposite quantities combine to	Represents addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line and recognizes situations in which opposite quantities combine to make zero.	Represents addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line.
7.NS.2b-2 7.NS.2c 7.NS.3 7.EE.3	Determines reasonableness of a solution and interprets solutions in real-world contexts.	Determines reasonableness of a solution.		

	Grade 7 Math: Sub-Claim A			
	The student solves problems inv	volving Major Content for Grade	7 with connections to the Standa	ords for Mathematical Practice.
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Expressions, Equations and Inequalities 7.EE.1 7.EE.2 7.EE.4a-1 7.EE.4a-2 7.EE.4b	Using the properties of operations, justifies the steps taken to solve multi-step mathematical and real-world problems involving rational numbers.  Applies properties of operations as strategies to add, subtract, factor and expand linear expressions.  Solves multi-step linear equations with rational coefficients.  In mathematical or real-world contexts, uses variables to represent quantities, construct	Applies properties of operations as strategies to add, subtract, factor and expand linear expressions.  Solves two-step linear equations with rational coefficients.  In a mathematical or real-world context, uses variables to represent quantities, construct	Applies properties of operations as strategies to add, subtract and expand linear expressions.  Solves two-step linear equations with rational coefficients.	Applies properties of operations as strategies to add and subtract linear expressions.  Solves one-step linear equations with rational coefficients.
	different forms.			
	Describes the relationship between equivalent quantities that are expressed algebraically in different forms in a problem context and explains their equivalence in light of the context of the problem.			

	The student solves problems	Grade 7 Math: Sub-Claim B  The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 7 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations	
g Geometric	freehand, with a ruler and protractor or with technology –	freehand, with a ruler and protractor or with technology –	Draws geometric figures – freehand, with a ruler and	Draws geometric figures – freehand, with a ruler and protractor, or with technology – and describes some of their	
7.G.3	Constructs triangles with given	Constructs triangles with given angle and side conditions.	attributes.  Constructs triangles with given angle and side conditions.	attributes.	
	triangle or no triangle.  Describes two-dimensional figures that result from slicing	Describes the two-dimensional figures that result from slicing three-dimensional figures by a plane parallel or perpendicular to a base or face.			

	Grade 7 Math: Sub-Claim B			
	The student solves problems		ing Content for Grade 7 with con	nections to the Standards for
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Mathematic Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets
	Ecver 3. Execeus Expectations	Ecver 4. Wiceto Expectations	Expectations	Expectations
	plane <b>which may or may not be</b>			
	parallel or perpendicular to a			
Duaminas	base or face.	Calvas mash amashinal and masl	California markka markka kan markka mark	
Drawings and			Solves mathematical problems involving circumference, area,	Solves mathematical problems involving circumference and
	-	circumference, area, surface	surface area and volume of	area of two-dimensional
nt			two- <b>and three-</b> dimensional	objects.
7.G.1	three-dimensional objects,	three-dimensional objects.	objects.	
7.G.4-1	including composite objects.			
7.G.4-2				
7.G.5	-	-		Solves problems involving scale
7.G.6			drawings of geometric figures.	drawings of geometric figures.
		including reproducing a scale drawing at a different scale.		
	drawing at a different scale.	_		
	Represents angle relationships	<b>Danracante</b> angla ralationenine	Uses facts about angle	
		using equations to solve for	relationships to determine the measure of unknown angles.	
	unknown angles.	unknown angles.	ineasure of unknown angles.	
	Produces a logical conclusion			
	about the relationship between circle circumference and area.			
Random		Understands and uses random	Draws inferences about a	Compares two populations
Sampling			population from a table or	based on measures of center
and			graph of random samples.	and measures of variability.
Comparative	1			•
Inferences			Draws informal comparative	
7.SP.1	comparative inferences about 2		inferences about two	
7.SP.2	populations, including assessing		populations.	
7.SP.3 7.SP.4	the degree of visual overlap of 2 numerical data distributions			
7.35.4	with similar variabilities.			
	Generates multiple samples of			
	the same size to gauge the			
	variation in estimates or			
	predictions.			
	Analyzes whether a sample is			
	representative of a population.			
Chance	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Understands that the	Understands that the	Understands that the
Processes				probability of a chance event is
and			a number between 0 and 1 that	
Probability	1 · ·	-	•	expresses the likelihood of the
<b>Models</b> 7.SP.5	event occurring.	event occurring.	event occurring.	event occurring.
7.SP.5 7.SP.6	Generates a sample space to	Finds probabilities when given	Finds probabilities when given	
7.SP.7a		sample spaces for simple <b>and</b>	sample spaces for simple	
7.SP.7b	1		events using methods such as	
7.SP.8a	1	methods such as organized lists,		
7.SP.8b	organized lists, tables, tree	tables and <b>tree diagrams.</b>		
7.SP.8c	diagrams or <b>simulations.</b>			

Grade 7 Math: Sub-Claim B  The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 7 with connections to the Standards for  Mathematical Practice.			
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Approximates the probability of a chance event by collecting data.  Develops probability models to	Develops a model to approximate the probability of a chance event and predicts approximate frequencies when given the probability or by observing frequencies in data generated from the process.		
Designs and uses a simulation to generate frequencies for compound events.			
Designs and uses a simulation to estimate the probability of a compound event.			

		Grade 7 Math	n: Sub-Claim C			
	In connection with content, the	student expresses Grade 7 appro	priate mathematical reasoning b	y constructing viable arguments,		
		critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets		
			Expectations	Expectations		
•			In connection with the content	In connection with the content		
	9 ' '	9 '	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities		
	described in Sub-claims A and B,	-		•		
	•	the student <b>clearly</b> constructs		the student constructs and		
	•	and communicates a complete	communicates a <b>complete</b>	communicates an incomplete		
7.C.2	response based on properties of	-	response based on the	response based on the		
	l ·	properties of operations and	properties of operations and	properties of operations and		
		the relationship between	•	the relationship between		
		addition and subtraction or	addition and subtraction or	addition and subtraction or		
		between multiplication and	between multiplication and	between multiplication and		
	<ul> <li>a logical approach based on a</li> </ul>			division, including:		
	conjecture and/or stated assumptions	<ul> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a faulty approach based on a conjecture and/or stated</li> </ul>		
	a logical and complete	assumptions	assumptions	assumptions		
	progression of steps	a logical and complete	• a <b>logical</b> , but incomplete,	an incomplete or illogical		
	<ul> <li>progression of steps</li> <li>precision of calculation</li> </ul>	progression of steps	progression of steps	progression of steps		
	<ul> <li>correct use of grade-level</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>precision of calculation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>minor calculation errors</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>major calculation errors</li> </ul>		
	vocabulary, symbols, labels	<ul> <li>correct use of grade-level</li> </ul>	• some use of grade-level	<ul> <li>limited use of grade-level</li> </ul>		
	complete justification of a	vocabulary, symbols and	vocabulary, symbols and	vocabulary, symbols and		
	conclusion	labels	labels	labels		
	<ul> <li>generalization of an</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>complete justification of a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>partial justification of a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>partial justification of a</li> </ul>		
	argument or conclusion	conclusion	conclusion	conclusion		
	evaluating, interpreting, and	<ul> <li>evaluating, interpreting and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>evaluating the validity of</li> </ul>			
	critiquing the validity of	critiquing the validity of	other's approaches and			
	other's responses,	other's <b>responses,</b>	conclusions			
	approaches, conclusions and	approaches, conclusions, and				
	reasoning, and correcting	reasoning.				
	and providing counter-					
	examples where applicable.					

	Grade 7 Math: Sub-Claim C In connection with content, the student expresses Grade 7 appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.			
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Concrete Referents and Diagrams 7.C.3 7.C.4	knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete response based on concrete referents provided in the prompt or constructed by the student such as diagrams that are connected to a written (symbolic) method, number line diagrams or coordinate plane	knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete response based on concrete referents provided in the prompt or constructed by the student such as: diagrams that are connected to a written (symbolic) method, number line diagrams or coordinate plane diagrams, including:	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete response based on concrete referents provided in the prompt or in simple cases, constructed by the student such as: diagrams that are connected to a written (symbolic) method, number line diagrams or coordinate plane	In connection with the content knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates an incomplete response based on concrete referents provided in the prompt such as: diagrams, number line diagrams or coordinate plane diagrams, which may include:  • a faulty approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions
Correct Explanation	knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete response to a given equation, multi-step problem, proposition	knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student clearly constructs and communicates a complete response to a given equation, multi-step problem, proposition or conjecture, including:	knowledge, skills, and abilities described in Sub-claims A and B, the student constructs and communicates a <b>complete</b> response to a given equation, multi-step problem, proposition or conjecture, including:	the student constructs and communicates an incomplete response to a given equation, multi-step problem, proposition or conjecture, including:  a faulty approach based on a

	Grade 7 Math: Sub-Claim C In connection with content, the student expresses Grade 7 appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.		
Level 5: Exceeds Expec	tations Level 4: Meets Exp	ectations Level 3: Approac Expectations	-
generalization of an argument or conclusi     evaluating, interpreting critiquing the validity efficiency of other's responses, approached conclusions and reason and provides a counterexample when applicable.      identifying and descriperrors in solutions and presents correct solutions distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning that which is flawed, is a flaw, presents correasoning.	other's responses, approaches, conclusions, identifying and deserves ibling dictions transfer from If there	conclusion  evaluating the valid other's approaches conclusions.  scribing and descent and errors in solutions.	ity of and

Grade 7 Math: Sub-Claim D

	In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to Grade 7 by applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for Grade 7 (or for more complex problems, knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of						
		problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly, and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, looking for the making use of structure and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning					
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets			
			Expectations	Expectations			
Modeling				In connection with the content			
7.D.1	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities			
7.D.2	•	•	described in Sub-claims A and B,	•			
7.D.3	the student devises a plan to	the student devises a plan to	the student devises a plan to	the student devises a plan to			
7.D.4	apply mathematics in solving	apply mathematics in solving	apply mathematics in solving	apply mathematics in solving			
	problems arising in everyday	problems arising in everyday	problems arising in everyday	problems arising in everyday			
	life, society and the workplace	life, society and the workplace	life, society and the workplace	life, society and the workplace			
	by:	by:	by:	by:			
	<ul> <li>using stated assumptions and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>using stated assumptions and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>using stated assumptions and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>using stated assumptions and</li> </ul>			
	making assumptions and	making assumptions and	approximations to simplify a	approximations to simplify a			
	approximations to simplify a	approximations to simplify a	real-world situation	real-world situation			
	real-world situation	real-world situation	<ul> <li>illustrating relationships</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>identifying important</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>mapping relationships</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>mapping relationships</li> </ul>	between important quantities	quantities using provided tools			
	between important quantities	between important quantities	by using provided tools to	to create models			
	by selecting appropriate tools to	by <b>selecting appropriate</b> tools	create models	<ul> <li>analyzing relationships</li> </ul>			
	create models	to create models	<ul> <li>analyzing relationships</li> </ul>	mathematically to draw			
	<ul> <li>analyzing relationships</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>analyzing relationships</li> </ul>	mathematically <b>between</b>	conclusions			
	mathematically between	mathematically between	important quantities to draw	<ul> <li>writing an incomplete</li> </ul>			
	important quantities to draw	important quantities to draw	conclusions	algebraic expression or			
	conclusions	conclusions	<ul> <li>writing an incomplete</li> </ul>	equation to describe a situation			
	<ul> <li>writing a complete, clear and</li> </ul>	• writing a complete, clear and	algebraic expression or	<ul> <li>applying proportional</li> </ul>			
	correct algebraic expression or	correct algebraic expression or	equation to describe a situation	reasoning using functions to			
	equation to describe a situation	equation to describe a situation	<ul> <li>applying proportional</li> </ul>	describe how one quantity of			
	<ul> <li>applying proportional</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>applying proportional</li> </ul>	reasoning	interest depends on another			
	rosconing	rosconing					

reasoning

reasoning

## Grade 7 Math: Sub-Claim D

In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to Grade 7 by applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for Grade 7 (or for more complex problems, knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly, and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, looking for the making use of structure and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning

the making use	the making use of structure and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning				
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets		
		Expectations	Expectations		
<ul> <li>writing/using functions to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>writing/using functions to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>writing/using functions to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>using unreasonable estimates</li> </ul>		
describe how one quantity of	describe how one quantity of	describe how one quantity of	of known quantities in a chain		
interest depends on another	interest depends on another	interest depends on another	of reasoning that yields an		
<ul> <li>using reasonable estimates of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>using reasonable estimates of</li> </ul>	• using reasonable estimates of	estimate of an unknown		
known quantities in a chain of	known quantities in a chain of	known quantities in a chain of	quantity		
reasoning that yields an	reasoning that yields an	reasoning that yields an	!		
estimate of an unknown	estimate of an unknown	estimate of an unknown			
quantity	quantity	quantity			
<ul> <li>reflecting on whether the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>reflecting on whether the</li> </ul>	reflecting on whether the			
results make sense	results make sense	results make sense	!		
<ul> <li>improving the model if it has</li> </ul>	• improving the model if it has	<ul> <li>modifying the model if it has</li> </ul>			
not served its purpose		not served its purpose			
<ul> <li>interpreting mathematical</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>interpreting mathematical</li> </ul>	interpreting mathematical			
results in the context of the	results in the <b>context of the</b>	results in a simplified context			
situation	situation		!		
<ul><li>analyzing and/or creating</li></ul>					
constraints, relationships and					
goals					
<ul><li>analyzing, justifying and</li></ul>					
defending models which lead					
to a conclusion					

## **Grade 8 Mathematics Performance Level Descriptors**

			n: Sub-Claim A	1.6.44.11.11.12.11
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	E 8 with connections to the Standard Level 3: Approaches  Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets  Expectations
Expressions and Equations 8 EE.1	equivalent numerical expressions using and applying	Evaluates and generates equivalent numerical expressions using and applying properties of integer exponents.	Evaluates numerical expressions using properties of integer exponents.	Evaluates numerical expressions using properties of integer exponents.
8 EE.2	= $p$ and $x^3 = p$ , representing solutions using $\sqrt{y}$ or $\sqrt[3]{y}$	Solves equations of the form $x^2$ = $p$ , where $p$ is a perfect square, and solves equations of the form $x^3 = p$ , where $p$ is a perfect	perfect square < or = to 100, by	
	Symbols.	cube.	solution of the equation.	
Scientific Notation 8.EE.3 8.EE.4-1	estimates very large and very small quantities, determines how many times as large a	Using scientific notation, estimates very large and very small quantities.	Using scientific notation, estimates very large quantities.	Using scientific notation, estimates very large quantities.
8.EE.4-2		Performs operations with	Performs operations with numbers expressed in scientific	
	Performs operations with numbers expressed in scientific notation. Interprets scientific notation that has been generated by technology.	numbers expressed in scientific notation.	notation.	
	Chooses appropriate units for measuring very large or very small quantities.			
	Interprets scientific notation in context.			
Relationship	Graphs linear relationships in the form y=mx+b, including	Graphs linear relationships, in the form y=mx+b, including proportional relationships.	Graphs linear relationships, in the form y=mx+b, including proportional relationships.	Graphs linear relationships, in the form <i>y=mx+b</i> .
8.EE.5-1 8.EE.5-2 8.EE.6-1 8.F.3-1	slope of the graph of a proportional relationship and applies these concepts to solve	slope of the graph of a	Interprets the unit rate as the slope of the graph of a proportional relationship.	
	proportional relationships represented in different ways.	Compares two different proportional relationships represented in different ways.	Makes some comparisons between two different proportional relationships represented in different ways.	
	Interprets <i>y=mx+b</i> as defining a linear function.			
	Uses similar triangles to show that the slope is the same between any two distinct points on a non-vertical line in the coordinate plane.			

	Grade 8 Math: Sub-Claim A			
	The student solves problems in	nvolving Major Content for Grade	8 with connections to the Stand	ards for Mathematical Practice.
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
<b>Equations</b> 8.EE.7b 8.EE.C.Int. 1	equations in one variable, with rational number coefficients, including those that require use of the distributive property and	variable, with rational number coefficients, including those that require use of the distributive property <b>and</b> combining like	T	Solves linear equations in one variable, with rational number coefficients.
Circulton o o	combining like terms. Analyzes and solves	Analyzes and solves	Solves mathematical problems	Solves mathematical problems
s Linear Equations 8.EE.8a 8.EE.8b-1 8.EE.8b-2 8.EE.8b-3 8.EE.8c	mathematical and real-world problems leading to pairs of simultaneous linear equations graphically, algebraically and by inspection.  Understands the relationship between the graphic representation and the algebraic solution to the system.  Verifies a solution utilizing multiple methods to prove	mathematical problems leading to pairs of simultaneous linear equations graphically and	leading to pairs of simultaneous linear equations graphically and	leading to pairs of simultaneous
	accuracy.			
Functions 8.F.1-1 8.F.1-2 8.F.2 8.F.3-2	a rule assigning to each input exactly 1 output, which can be graphed as a set of ordered pairs.  Compares properties of two functions represented in different ways.  Identifies and proves functions	Understands that a function is a rule that assigns to each input exactly one output and can be graphed as a set of ordered pairs.  Compares properties of two functions represented in different ways.	Understands that a function is a rule that assigns to each input exactly one output and can be graphed as a set of ordered pairs.	Understands that a function is a rule that assigns to each input exactly one output.
C	that are non-linear.		Decayib on the officet of	Decayib as the affect of
and Similarity 8.G.1a 8.G.1b 8.G.1c 8.G.2 8.G.3 8.G.4	dilations, translations, rotations and reflections on two-dimensional figures with and without coordinates, determines whether two given figures are congruent or similar through one or more transformations and describes the sequence of transformations to justify congruence or similarity of	reflections on two-dimensional figures <b>with</b> coordinates, and determines whether two given figures are congruent <b>or similar</b>	translations, rotations <b>and</b> reflections on two-dimensional figures without coordinates and determines whether two given	Describes the effect of translations, rotations or reflections on two-dimensional figures without coordinates and determines whether two given figures are congruent.
	two figures.			
Pythagorean Theorem 8.G.7-1 8.G.7-2 8.G.8	Theorem in real world and mathematical problems in two and three dimensions and to	Applies the Pythagorean Theorem in a simple planar case and to find the distance between two points in a coordinate system.	Theorem in solving for any side	Applies the Pythagorean Theorem in solving for the hypotenuse of a right triangle in a simple planar case without coordinates.

The student solves problems in	Grade 8 Math: Sub-Claim A  The student solves problems involving Major Content for Grade 8 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.		
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches  Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Recognizes situations to apply the Pythagorean Theorem in multi-step problems.			

		Grade 8 Matl	n: Sub-Claim B	
	The student solves problems		ting Content for Grade 8 with cor	nnections to the Standards for
	·		cal Practice.	
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
Rational Numbers 8.NS.1 8.NS.2	rational and irrational numbers, understands that these numbers have decimal expansions and approximates their locations on a number line, and converts between terminating decimals or decimals that repeat eventually and fractional representations of rational numbers.	understands that these numbers have decimal expansions and approximates their locations on a number line, and converts between terminating decimals or repeating decimals of the form (0.aaa) and fractional representations of rational numbers.	understands that these numbers have decimal expansions and approximates their locations on a number line.	Distinguishes between rational and irrational numbers and approximates their locations on a number line.
Modeling with Functions 8.F.4 8.F.5-1 8.F.5-2	a linear relationship between two quantities described with or without a context.  Given a description of a relationship or two (x,y) values in a table of values or a graph, determines the rate of change and initial value of the function.  Analyzes <b>and</b> describes the functional relationship between two quantities.	Constructs a function to model a linear relationship between two quantities described with or without a context.  Given two (x,y) values in a table of values or a graph, determines the rate of change and initial value of the function.  Analyzes the graph of a linear function to describe the functional relationship between two quantities.  Sketches the graph of a	Analyzes the graph of a linear	Identifies a function to model a linear relationship between two quantities in a table or a graph.  Determines the rate of change or initial value of the function from a table or graph that contains the initial value.
	Sketches a graph of a function	function when given a written description.		
<b>Volume</b> 8.G.9	solids in mathematical and real-		Identifies the formulas for the volume of cones, cylinders and spheres, and uses them to find the volume of solids in mathematical problems.	Identifies the formulas for the volume of cones, cylinders and spheres.
	mathematical solids.			
Bivariate Data		<b>Analyzes</b> and describes the patterns of association that can	Describes the patterns of association that can be seen in	Describes the patterns of association that can be seen in

	The student solves problems	Grade 8 Math: Sub-Claim B  The student solves problems involving Additional and Supporting Content for Grade 8 with connections to the Standards for Mathematical Practice.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations		
8.SP.1 8.SP.2 8.SP.3 8.SP.4	constructing, displaying and interpreting scatter plots and	constructing, displaying and	bivariate data by interpreting scatter plots and two-way tables.	bivariate data by interpreting scatter plots and two-way tables.		
	Uses the equation of a linear model to solve problems in context.	model to solve problems in	Uses a given equation of a linear model to solve problems in context.			
		l	Identifies a line of best fit for a scatter plot that suggests a linear association.			
	Compares linear models used to fit the same set of data to determine which is a better fit.					

	la anno anti anno itale anno anti-	Grade 8 Math			
	In connection with content, the student expresses Grade 8 appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets	
			Expectations	Expectations	
			In connection with the content	In connection with the content	
_	_		knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	
	described in Sub-claims A and B,	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		B, the student constructs and	
	•		communicates a <b>complete</b>	communicates an incomplete	
	response based on the principle		1		
			that a graph of an equation in	principle that a graph of an	
			two variables is the set of all its	equation in two variables is the	
	solutions and a given equation	solutions and a given equation	solutions and a given equation	set of all its solutions and a	
	or system of equations	or system of equations	or system of equations	given equation or system of	
	including:	including:	including:	equations including:	
	<ul> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a logical approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a faulty approach based on a conjecture and/or stated assumptions</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>a logical and complete progression of steps</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a logical and complete progression of steps</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a logical, but incomplete, progression of steps</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>an illogical or incomplete progression of steps</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>precision of calculation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>precision of calculation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>minor calculation errors</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>major calculation errors</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>correct use of grade-level</li> </ul>	correct use of grade-level	some use of grade-level	<ul> <li>limited use of grade-level</li> </ul>	
	vocabulary, symbols and labels	vocabulary, symbols and labels	vocabulary, symbols and labels	vocabulary, symbols and labels	
	13.13 0.10				
	<ul> <li>complete justification of a conclusion</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>complete justification of a conclusion</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>partial justification of a conclusion</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>partial justification of a conclusion</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>generalization of an</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>evaluating, interpreting and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>evaluating the validity of</li> </ul>		
	argument or conclusion	critiquing the validity of	other's approaches and		
	<ul> <li>evaluating, interpreting, and</li> </ul>	other's responses,	conclusions		
	critiquing the validity and	approaches, conclusions and			
	efficiency of other's	reasoning			
	responses, approaches and	_			

	Grade 8 Math: Sub-Claim C			
		The state of the s	appropriate mathematical reason	
			nding to precision when making n	
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations
	reasoning, conclusions and		Expectations	Expectations
	reasoning correcting and			
	providing a counterexample			
	where applicable.			
Reasoning		In connection with the content	In connection with the content	In connection with the content
8.C.3.1	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities
8.C.3.2	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and
8.C.3.3	the student clearly constructs	the student clearly constructs	the student constructs and	B, the student constructs and
8.C.4.1	and communicates a complete	and communicates a complete	communicates a <b>complete</b>	communicates an incomplete
8.C.6	response based on a chain of	response based on a chain of	response based on a chain of	response based on a chain of
	reasoning to justify or refute	reasoning to justify or refute	reasoning to justify or refute	reasoning to justify or refute
		=	_	algebraic, function or linear-
	1	equation propositions or		equation propositions or
	_	conjectures including:	conjectures including:	conjectures including:
	<ul> <li>a logical approach based on a</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>a faulty approach based on a</li> </ul>
	conjecture and/or stated	conjecture and/or stated	a conjecture and/or stated	conjecture and/or stated
	assumptions	assumptions	assumptions	assumptions
	a logical and complete	a logical and complete	• a <b>logical</b> , but incomplete,	an illogical and incomplete
	progression of steps	progression of steps	progression of steps	progression of steps
	<ul> <li>precision of calculation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>precision of calculation</li> </ul>	minor calculation errors	<ul> <li>major calculation errors</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>correct use of grade-level</li> </ul>	correct use of grade-level	some use of grade-level	<ul> <li>limited use of grade-level</li> </ul>
	vocabulary, symbols and	vocabulary, symbols and	vocabulary, symbols and	vocabulary, symbols and
	labels	labels	labels	labels
	complete justification of a	complete justification of a	partial justification of a	partial justification of a
	conclusion	conclusion	conclusion	conclusion.
	generalization of an	evaluating, interpreting and	evaluating the validity of	
	argument or conclusion	critiquing the validity of	other's approaches and	
	evaluating, interpreting and	other's responses, approaches, conclusions and	conclusions	
	critiquing the validity of	reasoning		
	other's responses,	reasoning		
	approaches, conclusions and reasoning, correcting and			
	providing a counterexample			
	where applicable			
Geometric	• •	In connection with the content	I In connection with the content	In connection with the content
Reasoning				knowledge, skills, and abilities
8.C.5.1	_	_	described in Sub-claims A and B,	9 ' '
8.C.5.2	B, the student clearly constructs	· ·	-	B, the student constructs and
8.C.5.3			communicates a <b>complete</b>	communicates an incomplete
			response based on applying	response based on applying
		, .		geometric reasoning in a
	_	_	coordinate setting and/or use	coordinate setting and/or use
	coordinates to draw geometric	coordinates to draw geometric	coordinates to draw geometric	coordinates to draw geometric
	conclusions including:	=	conclusions including:	conclusions including:
	<ul> <li>a logical approach based on</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a logical approach based on a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a logical approach based on a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a faulty approach based on a</li> </ul>
	a conjecture and/or stated	conjecture and/or stated	conjecture and/or stated	conjecture and/or stated
	assumptions	assumptions	assumptions	assumptions
	<ul> <li>a logical and complete</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a logical and complete</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a logical, but incomplete,</li> </ul>	an illogical and incomplete
	progression of steps	progression of steps	progression of steps	progression of steps
	<ul> <li>precision of calculation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>precision of calculation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>minor calculation errors</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>major calculation errors</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>correct use of grade-level</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>correct use of grade-level</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>some use of grade-level</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>limited use of grade-level</li> </ul>

	Grade 8 Math: Sub-Claim C  In connection with content, the student expresses Grade 8 appropriate mathematical reasoning by constructing viable arguments, critiquing the reasoning of others and/or attending to precision when making mathematical statements.				
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets Expectations		
vocabulary, symbols and labels  complete justification of a conclusion  generalization of an argument or conclusion  evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity and efficiency of other's responses, approaches and reasoning, correcting and providing a counterexample where applicable  identifying and describing errors in solutions and presenting correct solutions  distinguishing correct explanation/reasoning from that which is flawed. If there is a flaw, presents correct	vocabulary, symbols and labels complete justification of a conclusion evaluating, interpreting and critiquing the validity of other's responses, approaches, conclusions and reasoning identifying and describing errors in solutions and presenting correct solutions	vocabulary, symbols and labels  partial justification of a conclusion  evaluating the validity of other's approaches and conclusions  identifying and describing errors in solutions	vocabulary, symbols and labels • partial justification of a conclusion		

		Grade 8 Math: Sub-Claim D				
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ms with a degree of difficulty ap			
	_	d in the standards for Grade 8 (or for more complex problems, knowledge and skills articulated in				
	the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of					
	problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly, and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, looking for					
	and making use	and making use of structure and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning.				
	Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches	Level 2: Partially Meets		
			Expectations	Expectations		
Modeling			In connection with the content	In connection with the content		
8.D.1	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities	knowledge, skills, and abilities		
8.D.2	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,	described in Sub-claims A and B,		
8.D.3	the student devises a plan to	the student devises a plan to	the student devises a plan to	the student devises a plan to		
8.D.4	apply mathematics in solving	apply mathematics in solving	apply mathematics in solving	apply mathematics in solving		
	problems arising in everyday	problems arising in everyday	problems arising in everyday	problems arising in everyday		
	life, society and workplace by:	life, society and workplace by:	life, society and workplace by:	life, society and workplace by:		
	<ul> <li>using stated assumptions and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>using stated assumptions and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>using stated assumptions and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>using stated assumptions and</li> </ul>		
	making assumptions and	making assumptions and	approximations to simplify a	approximations to simplify a		
	approximations to simplify a	approximations to simplify a	real-world situation	real-world situation		
	real-world situation	real-world situation	illustrating relationships	identifying important		
	<ul> <li>mapping relationships</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>mapping relationships</li> </ul>	between important	quantities using provided		
	between important quantities	between important quantities	quantities by using provided	tools to create models		
	by selecting appropriate tools	by selecting appropriate	tools to create models	analyzing relationships		
	to create models	tools to create models	<ul> <li>analyzing relationships</li> </ul>	mathematically to draw		
	<ul> <li>analyzing relationships</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>analyzing relationships</li> </ul>	mathematically <b>between</b>	conclusions		
	mathematically between	mathematically between	important quantities to draw	writing an incomplete		
	important quantities to draw	important quantities to draw	conclusions	algebraic expression or		
	conclusions	conclusions	writing an incomplete	equation to describe a		
	<ul> <li>writing a complete, clear and</li> </ul>	• writing a complete, clear and	algebraic expression or	situation		
	correct algebraic expression	correct algebraic expression	equation to describe a			

## Grade 8 Math: Sub-Claim D

In connection with content, the student solves real-world problems with a degree of difficulty appropriate to Grade 8 by applying knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for Grade 8 (or for more complex problems, knowledge and skills articulated in the standards for previous grades/courses), engaging particularly in the Modeling practice, and where helpful making sense of

	problems and persevering to solve them, reasoning abstractly, and quantitatively, using appropriate tools strategically, looking fo and making use of structure and/or looking for and expressing regularity in repeated reasoning.					
Level 5: Exceeds Expectations	Level 4: Meets Expectations	Level 3: Approaches  Expectations	Level 2: Partially Meets  Expectations			
or equation to describe a situation  • applying proportional reasoning  • writing/using functions to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another	or equation to describe a situation  applying proportional reasoning  writing/using functions to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another	situation  applying proportional reasoning  writing/using functions to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another	·			
<ul> <li>using reasonable estimates of known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity</li> <li>reflecting on whether the results make sense</li> <li>improving the model if it has not served its purpose</li> <li>interpreting mathematical results in the context of the situation analyzing and/or creating constraints, relationships and goals analyzing, justifying and defending models which lead to a conclusion</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>using reasonable estimates of known quantities in a chain of reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity</li> <li>reflecting on whether the results make sense</li> <li>improving the model if it has not served its purpose interpreting mathematical results in the context of the situation</li> </ul>	•	reasoning  • using functions to describe how one quantity of interest depends on another using unreasonable estimates of known quantities in a chain or reasoning that yields an estimate of an unknown quantity			